

## Chapter 10 Practice Test

For Exercises 2–4, use matrices to solve the system of equations.

$$2. \begin{cases} 3x + 5y = 3 \\ 2x - y = -11 \end{cases}$$

$$3. \begin{cases} 2x + 3y = -3 \\ 3x + 2y = 8 \\ x + y = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$4. \begin{cases} x + 3z = -5 \\ 2x + y = 0 \\ 3x + y - z = 3 \end{cases}$$

$$5. \text{ Multiply } \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 5 \\ 2 & 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 6 \\ 0 & -7 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

For Exercises 12–14, find the determinant of the matrix.

$$12. \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -1 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$13. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -1 \\ 5 & 9 & 0 \\ 6 & 2 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$14. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 3 & 5 & -1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 6 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2. \begin{cases} 3x + 5y = 3 \\ 2x - y = -11 \end{cases}$$

Solution:  $(-4, 3)$

$$3. \begin{cases} 2x + 3y = -3 \\ 3x - 2y = 8 \\ x + y = 1 \end{cases}$$

Solution:  $(6, -5)$

$$4. \begin{cases} x + 3z = -5 \\ 2x + y = 0 \\ 3x + y - z = 3 \end{cases}$$

Solution:  $(1, -2, -2)$

$$5. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 5 \\ 2 & 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 6 \\ 0 & -7 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (1)(1) + (4)(0) + (5)(-1) & (1)(6) + (4)(-7) + (5)(2) \\ (2)(1) + (0)(0) + (-3)(-1) & (2)(6) + (0)(-7) + (-3)(2) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -12 \\ 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$12. \begin{vmatrix} 6 & -1 \\ 3 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = 24 - (-3) = 27$$

$$13. \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 & -1 \\ 5 & 9 & 0 \\ 6 & 2 & -5 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \begin{vmatrix} 5 & 9 \\ 6 & 2 \end{vmatrix} - 5 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 5 & 9 \end{vmatrix} \\ = -(-44) - 5(-6) = 74$$