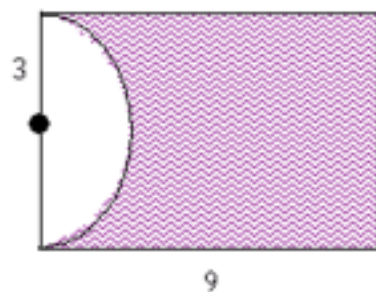


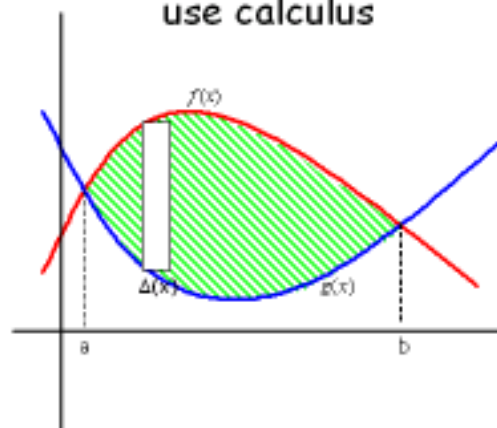
Sec 7.2:
Areas in a Plane

How could you find the area of the shaded regions below?

use geometry



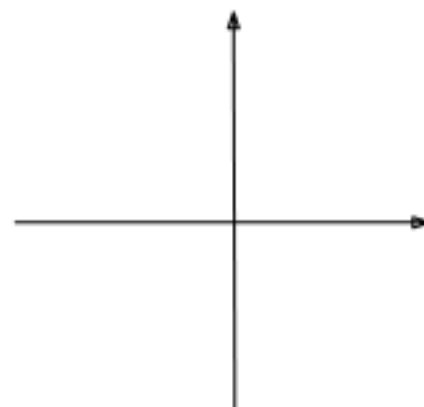
use calculus



$$A = \int_a^b [(\text{topcurve}) - (\text{bottom curve})] dx$$

Sketch a graph and find the area (without a calc) of the region bounded by the functions below.

$$f(x) = 2 - x^2 \quad g(x) = x$$

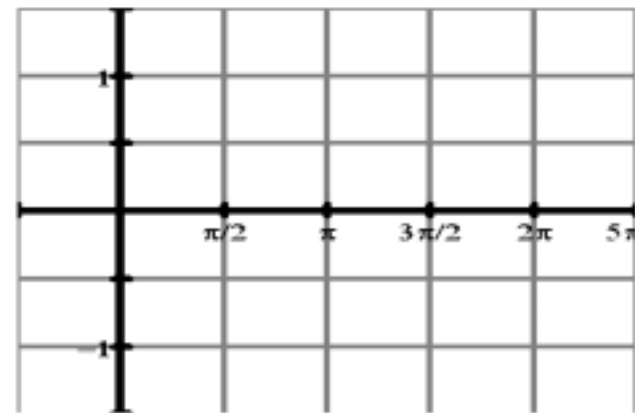


Sketch a graph and find the area (without a calc) of the region bounded by the functions below.

$$f(x) = \sin x$$

$$g(x) = \cos x$$

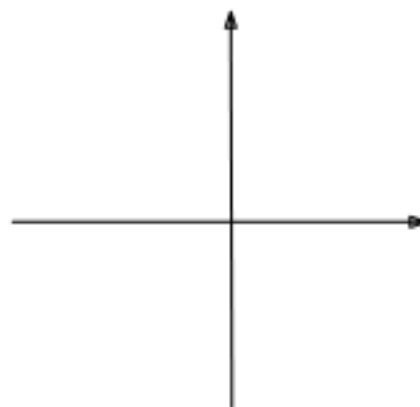
$$\frac{\pi}{4} \leq x \leq \frac{5\pi}{4}$$



If the functions switch positions, then you must split the integral up into different regions.

Sketch a graph and find the area (use your calc) of the region bounded by the functions below.

$$f(x) = 3x^3 - x^2 - 10x \quad g(x) = -x^2 + 2x$$



Sometimes it is easier or necessary to look at the area horizontally. In that case, we just put everything in terms of y .

$$A = \int_a^b [(\text{right curve}) - (\text{left curve})] dy$$

Sketch a graph and find the area of the region bounded by the functions below.

$$x = 3 - y^2 \quad y = x - 1$$

