

**Ellipses**  
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**Label the vertex, focus, and major and minor axes on the graph.**

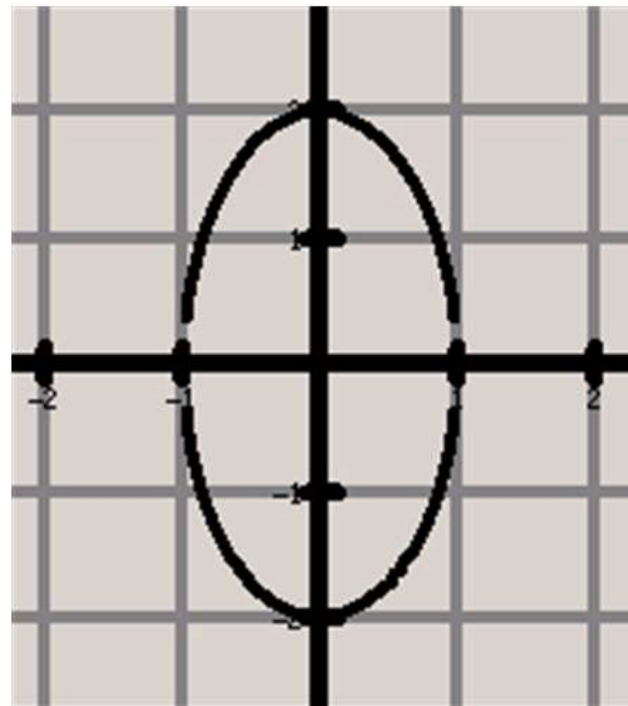
### Vertical Ellipses

$$\frac{(x-h)^2}{b^2} + \frac{(y-k)^2}{a^2} = 1$$

**Major Axis is Vertical**

How to find the foci:

$$c^2 = a^2 - b^2$$



\*Your book talks about an "eccentricity". We will not be dealing with that, so ignore it when it asks you to find it! ☺

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**Label the vertex, focus, and major and minor axes on the graph.**

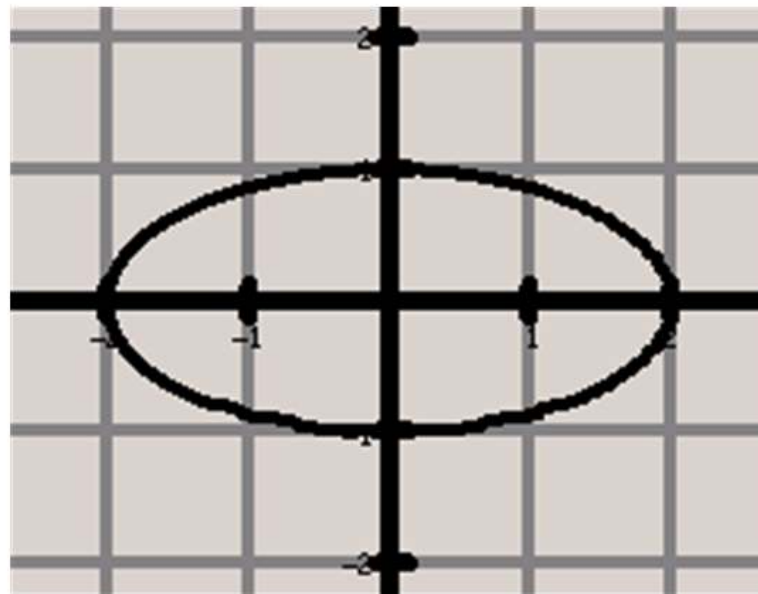
## Horizontal Ellipses

$$\frac{(x-h)^2}{a^2} + \frac{(y-k)^2}{b^2} = 1$$

**Major Axis is Horizontal**

How to find the foci:

$$c^2 = a^2 - b^2$$



\*Your book talks about an "eccentricity". We will not be dealing with that, so ignore it when it asks you to find it! ☺

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## Example 1 - a

Find the center, radius, vertices, and foci of the ellipse and sketch its graph.

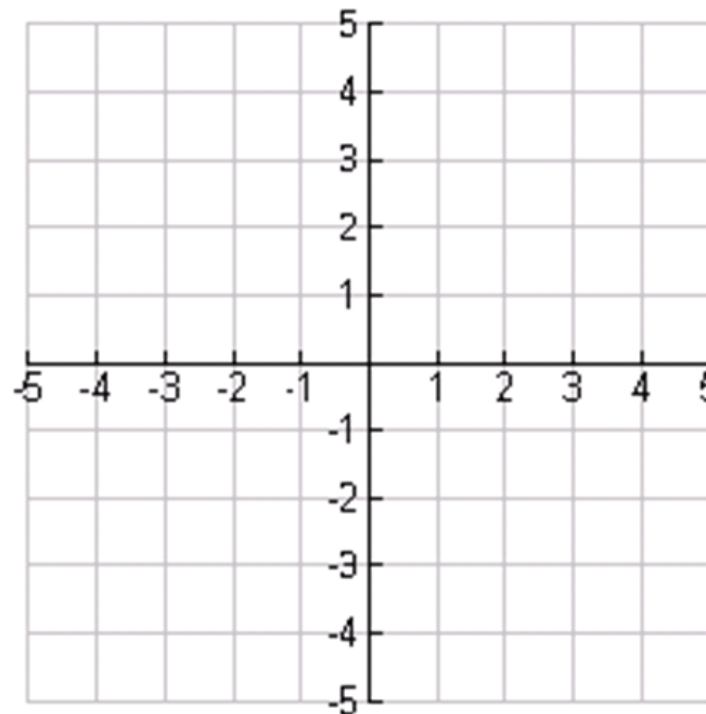
a.  $\frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$

center: \_\_\_\_\_

radius: \_\_\_\_\_

vertices: \_\_\_\_\_

foci: \_\_\_\_\_



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## Example 1 - b

Find the center, radius, vertices, and foci of the ellipse and sketch its graph.

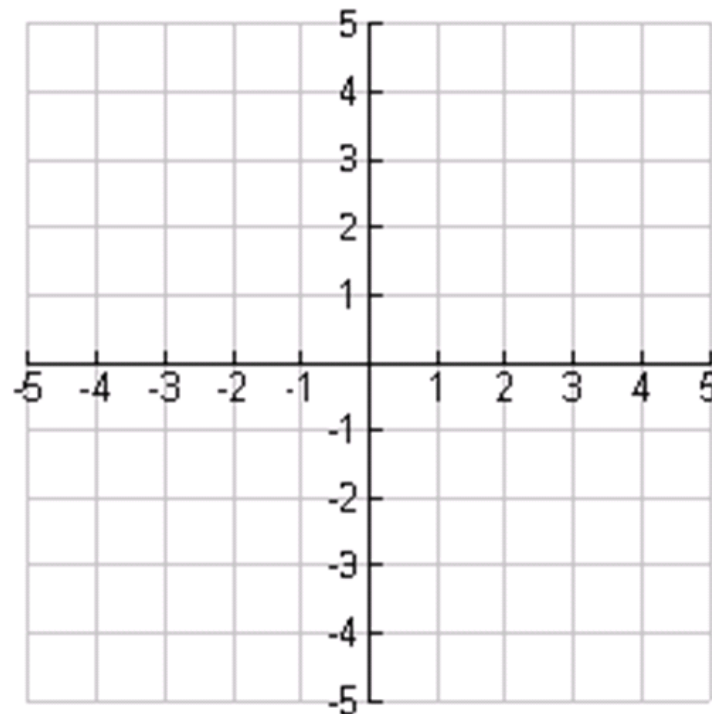
b.  $\frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{16} = 1$

center: \_\_\_\_\_

radius: \_\_\_\_\_

vertices: \_\_\_\_\_

foci: \_\_\_\_\_



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## Example 1 - c

First, let's complete the square:

$$\text{c. } 9x^2 + 4y^2 - 54x + 40y + 37 = 0$$

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## Example 1 Problem c

Find the center, radius, vertices, and foci of the ellipse and sketch its graph.

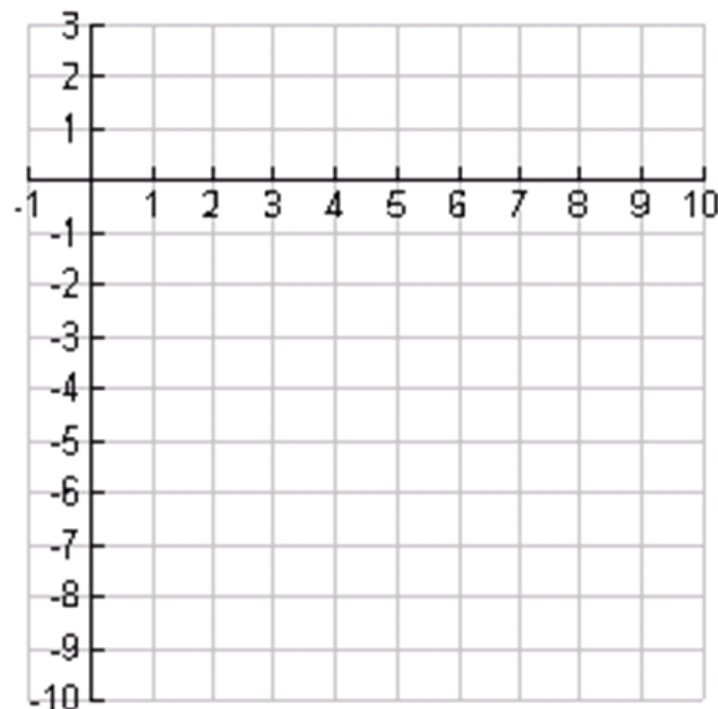
c.  $9x^2 + 4y^2 - 54x + 40y + 37 = 0$

center: \_\_\_\_\_

radius: \_\_\_\_\_

vertices: \_\_\_\_\_

foci: \_\_\_\_\_



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## Example 1 - d

First, let's complete the square:

d.  $x^2 + 5y^2 - 8x - 30y - 39 = 0$

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## Example 1 Problem d

Find the center, radius, vertices, and foci of the ellipse and sketch its graph.

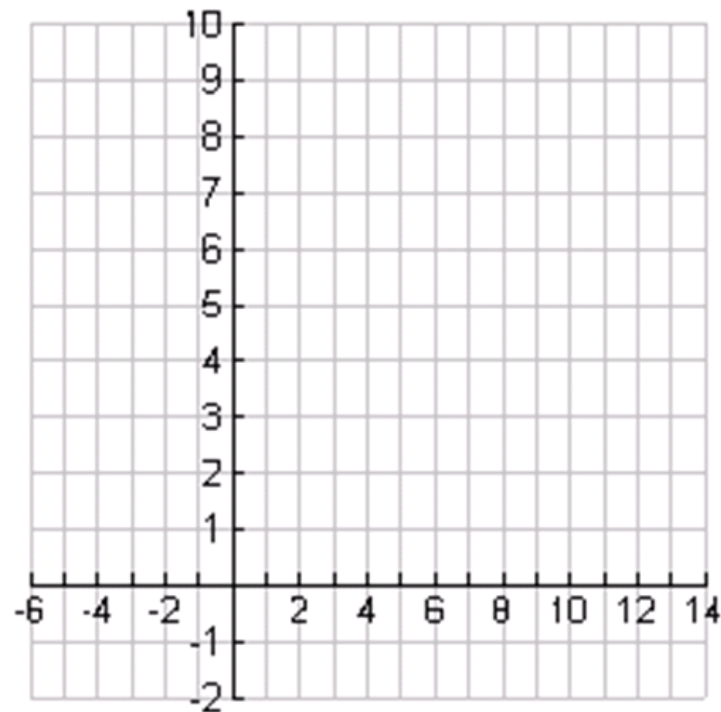
d.  $x^2 + 5y^2 - 8x - 30y - 39 = 0$

center: \_\_\_\_\_

radius: \_\_\_\_\_

vertices: \_\_\_\_\_

foci: \_\_\_\_\_



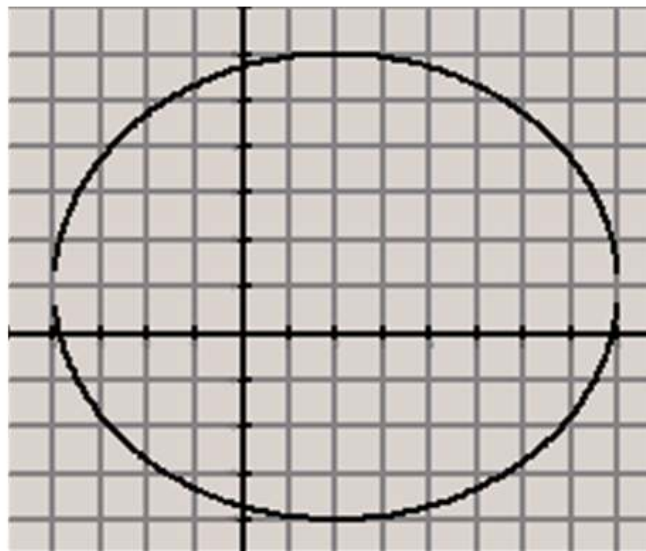
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## Example 2 - a

Find the standard form of the equation of the ellipse with the given characteristics and center.

b.



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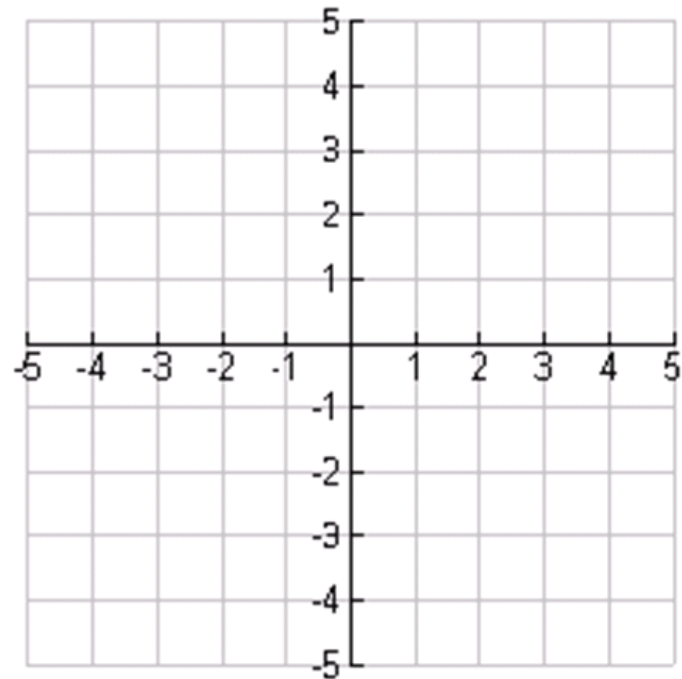
## Example 2 - c

Find the standard form of the equation of the ellipse with the given characteristics and center.

Sketch a graph to help.

**c. Vertices:**  $(\pm 3, 0)$

**foci:**  $(\pm 1, 0)$



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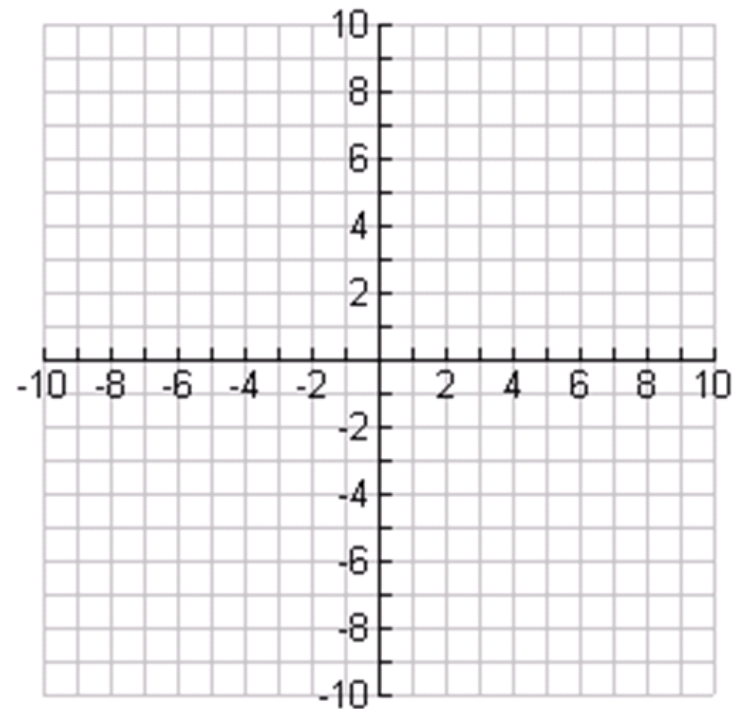
## Example 2 - d

Find the standard form of the equation of the ellipse with the given characteristics and center.

Sketch a graph to help.

**d. foci:**  $(0, \pm 5)$

**major axis of length 16**



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