11. 8 #2 rational expressions © 2014 Kuta Software LLC. All rights reserved.

Solve each equation. Remember to check for extraneous solutions.

1)
$$\frac{16n-12}{5n} = \frac{1}{5n} + 4$$

2)
$$1 + \frac{1}{x-6} = \frac{2x+6}{x-6}$$

3)
$$\frac{1}{p} = \frac{p+6}{p^2+4p} - \frac{p-3}{p^2+4p}$$

4)
$$\frac{2}{k^2 - 6k + 5} = \frac{1}{k - 5} - \frac{1}{k^2 - 6k + 5}$$

5)
$$\frac{4x+5}{x^2+2x} + \frac{x-2}{x^2+2x} = \frac{1}{x+2}$$

$$6) \ \frac{3}{x-6} = \frac{1}{x-6} - 3$$

7)
$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{2}{3a+18} + \frac{1}{3}$$

8)
$$\frac{2}{x-5} = \frac{1}{x^2 - 5x} + \frac{1}{x-5}$$

Answers to 11. 8 #2 rational expressions

- $1) \left\{ -\frac{13}{4} \right\}$
- 2) {-11}

3) {5}

4) {4}

- $5) \left\{-\frac{3}{4}\right\}$
- $6) \left\{ \frac{16}{3} \right\}$

7) {-4}

8) {1}