

The Restoration and Enlightenment

1660-1798

Use your textbook, page 518, to fill in the blanks.

After the restoration of the monarchy in 1660, England turned its back on the grim era of _____ rule and entered a lively period in which the _____ court set the tone for upper-class social and political life. _____ had spent much of his time exiled in _____, absorbing the glamour, elegance, and intrigue of the court of Louis XIV. Like Louis XIV, Charles was a patron of the _____ and _____. With the Restoration came a return to _____ as England's state religion and a realization that future monarchs would have to share their authority with _____. Charles' rise in England also coincided with the rise of the two rival political parties, the _____ and the _____. The _____ were in support of royal authority. The _____ wanted to limit royal authority.

Charles II died and was replaced by _____, his brother. He pretty much stunk as king and was removed (bloodlessly) from the throne by Parliament and replaced by his daughter and son-in-law, _____ and _____. When his wife passed, King _____ was left to rule on his own. He was a _____, a natural enemy of Catholic France. He tried to use his military power to oppose King _____ of France. His misuse of power caused Parliament to permanently bar _____ from the throne of England. After his death, he was replaced by _____, Mary's protestant sister. She eventually united England and _____ to create Great Britain and with the help of the Tories ended the war with _____.