

Modified and Animated By Chris Headlee  
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# **CHAPTER 4 SOL PROBLEMS**

**SSM: Super Second-grader Methods**

SOL Problems; not Dynamic Variable Problems

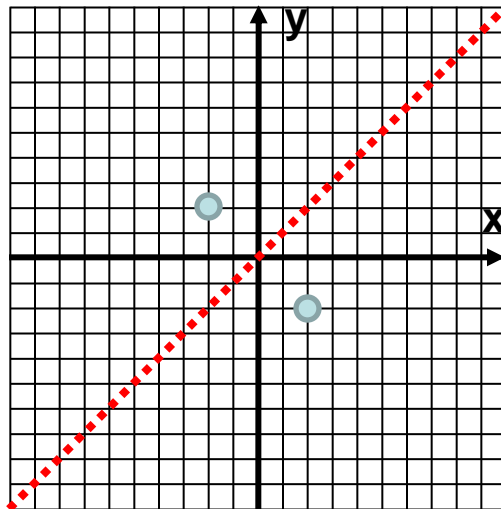
40 Which line of reflection maps point  $K$  at  $(-2, 2)$  to point  $K'$  at  $(2, -2)$  ?

- F  $y = 2$
- G  $y = x$**
- H  $x$ -axis
- J  $y$ -axis

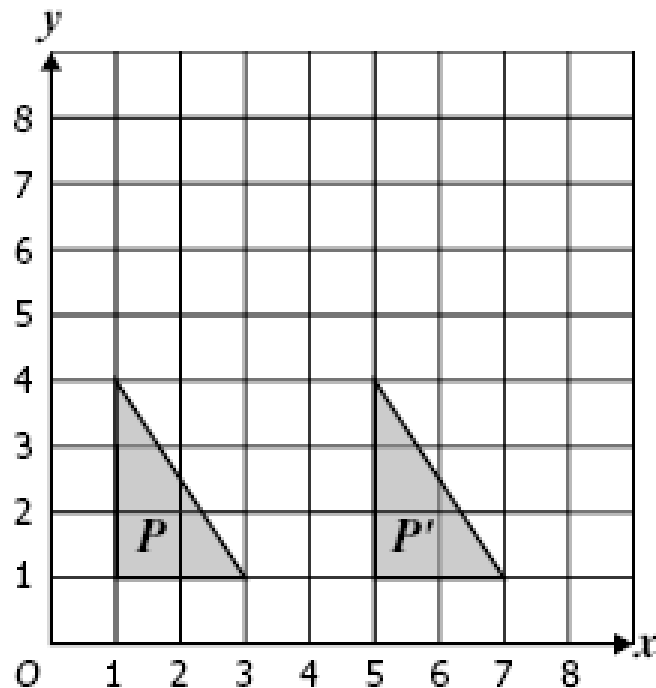
**SSM:**

- plot the points and the lines of reflection
- see which is equal distant

**plot points and then the lines of reflection**



42 Which transformation could move the triangle  $P$  to triangle  $P'$  in a single step?



SSM:  
• slide

**F** Reflection over  $x = 4$

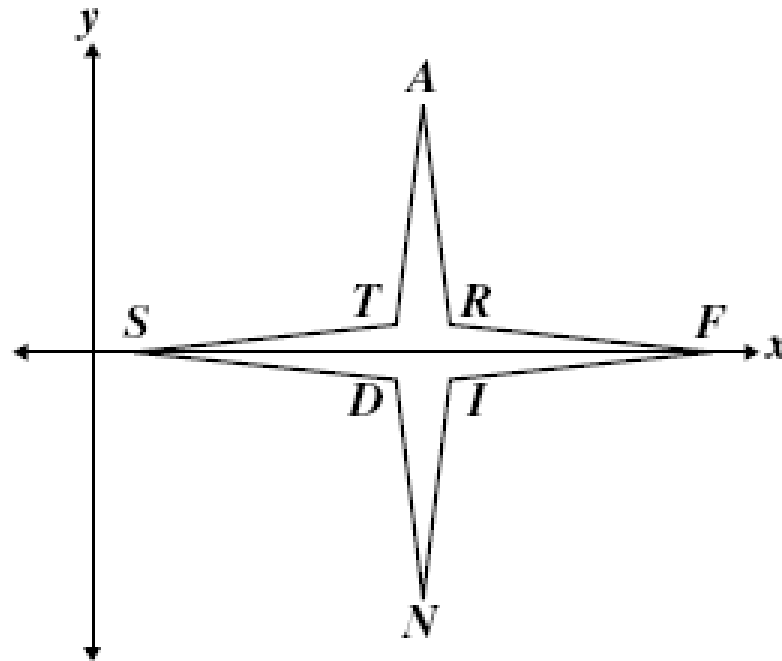
**G** Rotation about  $(2, 3)$

**H** Reflection over  $y = 4$

**J** Translation

Triangle slid over → Translation

- 43 Figure *STARFIND* is symmetric with respect to the  $x$ -axis. The coordinates of point  $A$  are  $(8, 6)$ . What are the coordinates of point  $N$ ?



**SSM:**

- fold over  $x$ -axis
- $y$  value switches sign

- A**  $(8, -6)$   
**B**  $(6, -8)$   
**C**  $(-6, 8)$   
**D**  $(-8, 6)$

symmetric to  $x$ -axis is  $(-1) \times y$ -value

**45 A regular quadrilateral has what type of symmetry?** **Coordinate Relations and Transformations**

- A** Line symmetry only
- B** Point symmetry only
- C** Both point and line symmetry
- D** Neither point nor line symmetry

**SSM:**

- **draw figure**
- **draw lines of symmetry**

**Regular quadrilateral is a square and has four lines of symmetry**  
**Even numbered regular polygons have a point of symmetry**

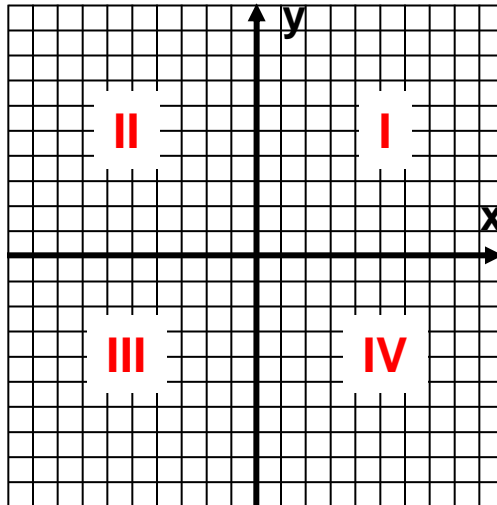
- 40 A trapezoid is located entirely in quadrant II. If this trapezoid is reflected across the  $x$ -axis, in which quadrant will the new trapezoid be located?

F I  
G II  
**H** III  
J IV

SSM:

- plot an example
- flip

flip it over the  $x$  axis and it goes to the 3 quadrant



42 Which of the following letters has both line symmetry and point symmetry?

S D M H

F S

G D

H M

J H

SSM:

• no help

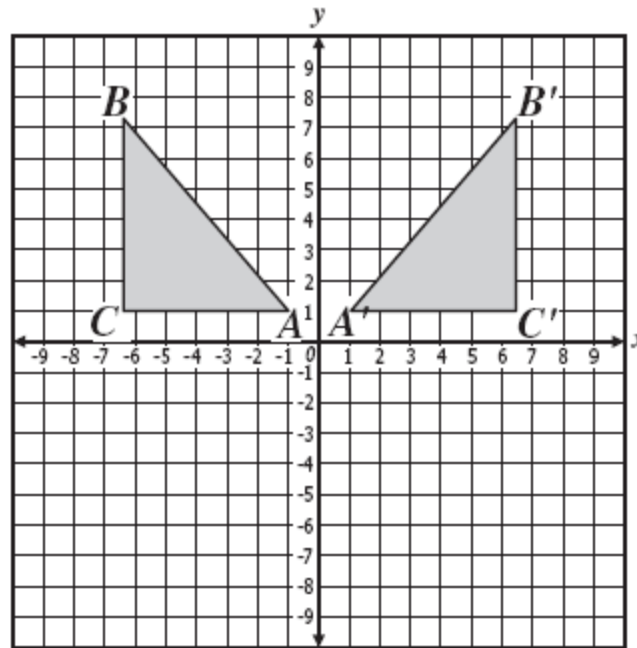
M has a line of symmetry

S and D do not have a line of symmetry

H has two lines of symmetry and a point of symmetry

(at the intersection of the two lines)

- 43 Triangle  $ABC$  was transformed into triangle  $A'B'C'$ . Which term most accurately describes this transformation?



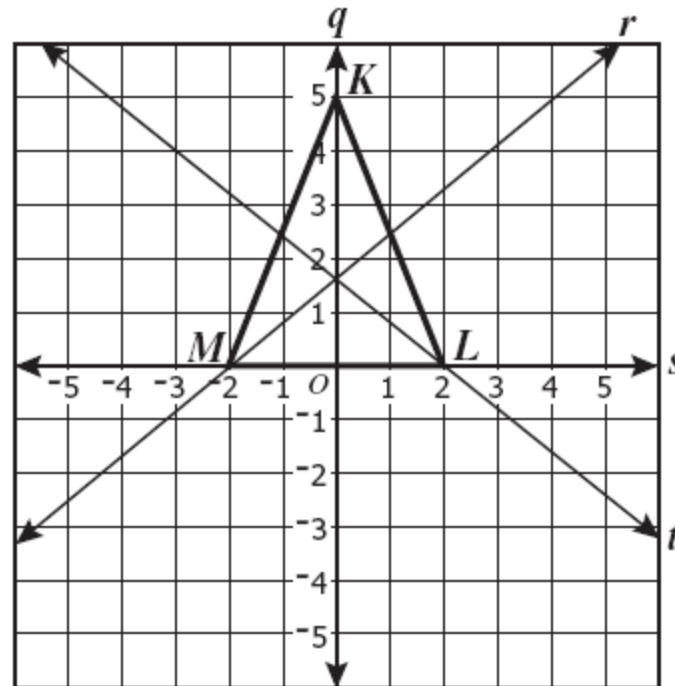
**SSM:**

- orientation changed
- flip or turn
- folded over y-axis

- A** Tessellation  
**B** Reflection  
**C** Rotation  
**D** Translation

**Since A was closest to y-axis and A' is closest to y-axis, a reflection or flip occurred**





**SSM:**

- which line can the triangle be folded in half over

Which is most likely a line of symmetry for triangle  $KLM$  ?

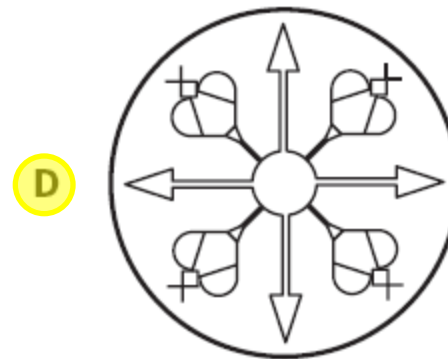
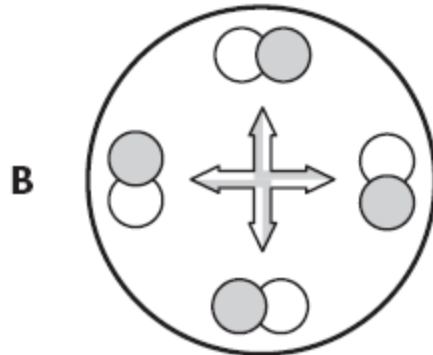
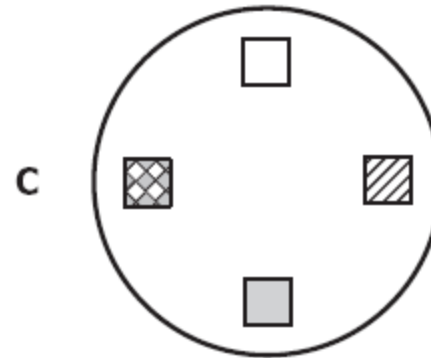
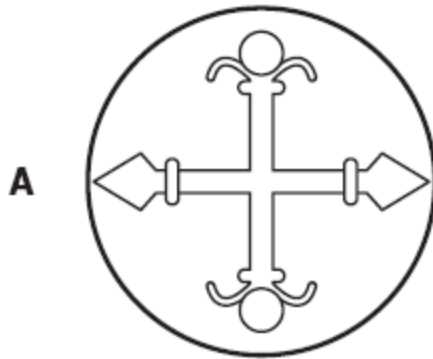
- A**  $q$
- B**  $r$
- C**  $s$
- D**  $t$

**Only line  $q$  allows the figure to be folded in half perfectly**

41 Janelle is looking at plate designs. Which design has exactly 4 lines of symmetry?

SSM:

• look for pattern that repeats 4 times



**Eliminate answers:**

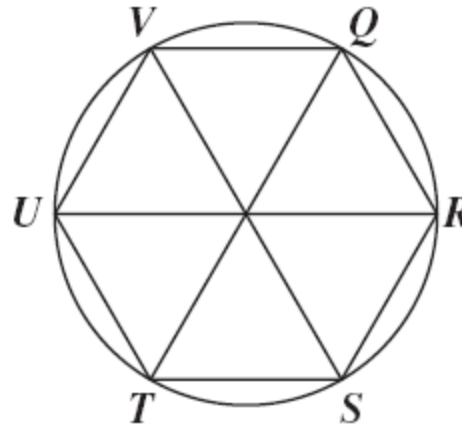
**A. only 2 lines of symmetry (pattern repeats twice)**

**B. no lines of symmetry (no pattern)**

**C. shaded circles mess up repeating patterns**

**D. pattern repeats in all four quadrants**

42 In the design, a hexagon is inscribed in a circle.



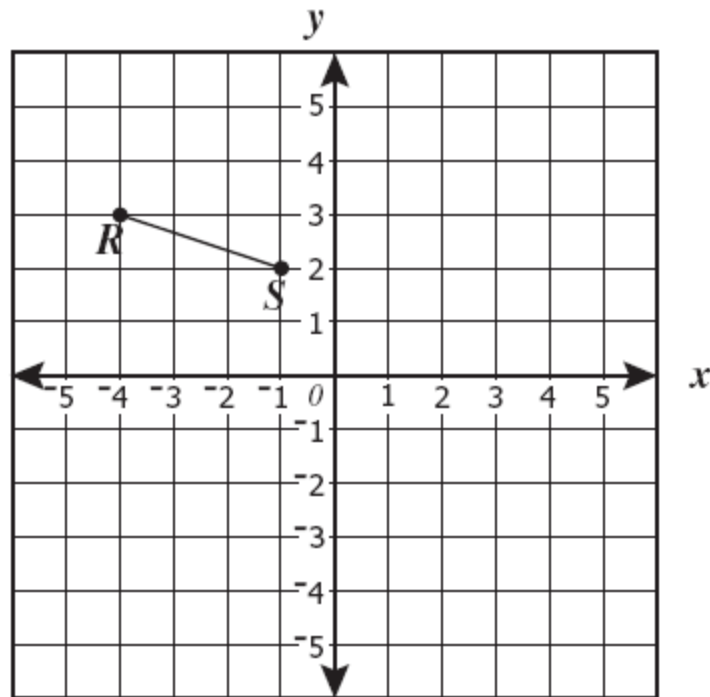
**SSM:**

- draw a compass with Q as North
- answer between South (T) and West (between U & V)

Which point shows the location of Point  $Q$  after a  $240^\circ$  clockwise rotation around the center?

- F S
- G T
- H U**
- J V

**Clockwise rotation is in the RS direction from Q**  
**180 is at point T**  
**270 is between U&V**



**SSM:**

- fold  $\overline{RS}$  over  $y$ -axis in your mind
- plot answer points on graph

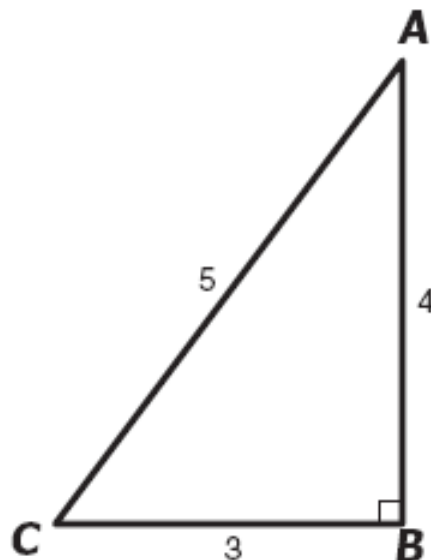
What are the *most* likely coordinates of  $R'$  if  $\overline{R'S'}$  is a reflection of  $\overline{RS}$  across the  $y$ -axis?

- A**  $(4, 3)$
- B**  $(-4, -3)$
- C**  $(4, -3)$
- D**  $(3, 4)$

**Equal distant from  $y$ -axis or  $(x, y) \rightarrow (-x, y)$**

**$(-4, 3) \rightarrow (4, 3)$**

40 Right triangle  $ABC$  has the measures shown.



**SSM:**

- How can the triangle be folded in half?
- It can't!

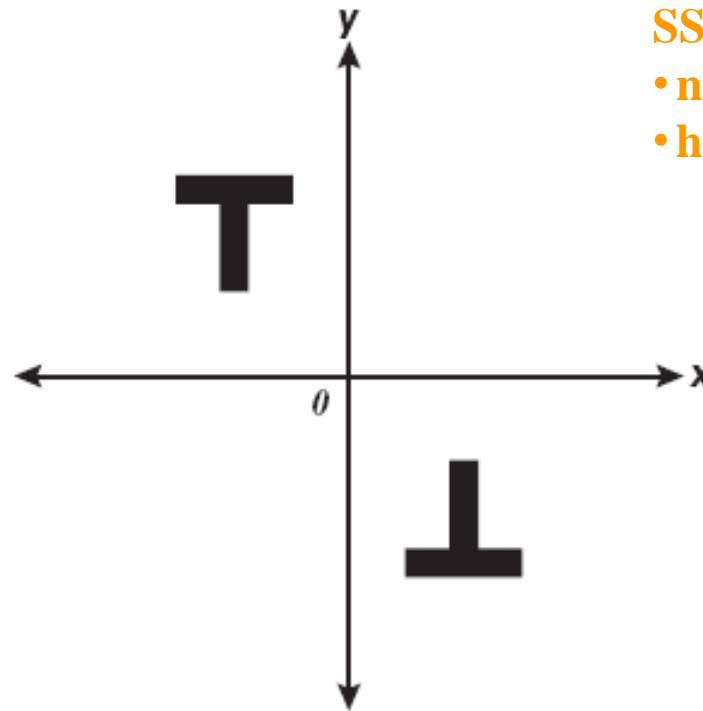
What is the *maximum* number of different lines of symmetry that can be drawn through  $\triangle ABC$ ?

- F** 0  
**G** 1  
**H** 2  
**J** 3

line of symmetry means to be able to fold in half

scalene triangles can not be folded in half  
so no lines of symmetry

42

**SSM:**

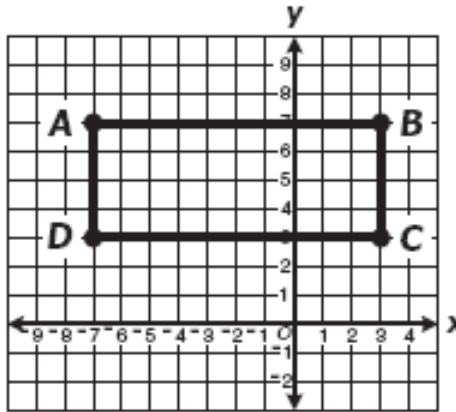
- not a reflection across a line!
- half way around the origin

In relation to one figure, the other figure is apparently a —

- F reflection across the line  $y = 1$
- G reflection across the line  $y = x$
- H  $90^\circ$  rotation about the origin
- J**  $180^\circ$  rotation about the origin

**reflection across the origin is the same as  
a  $180^\circ$  rotation about the origin**

44 Rectangle  $ABCD$  is placed in a coordinate plane as shown.



SSM:

- graph each answer
- which cuts rectangle in half?

Which equation describes a line of symmetry for rectangle  $ABCD$ ?

**F**  $x = 2$

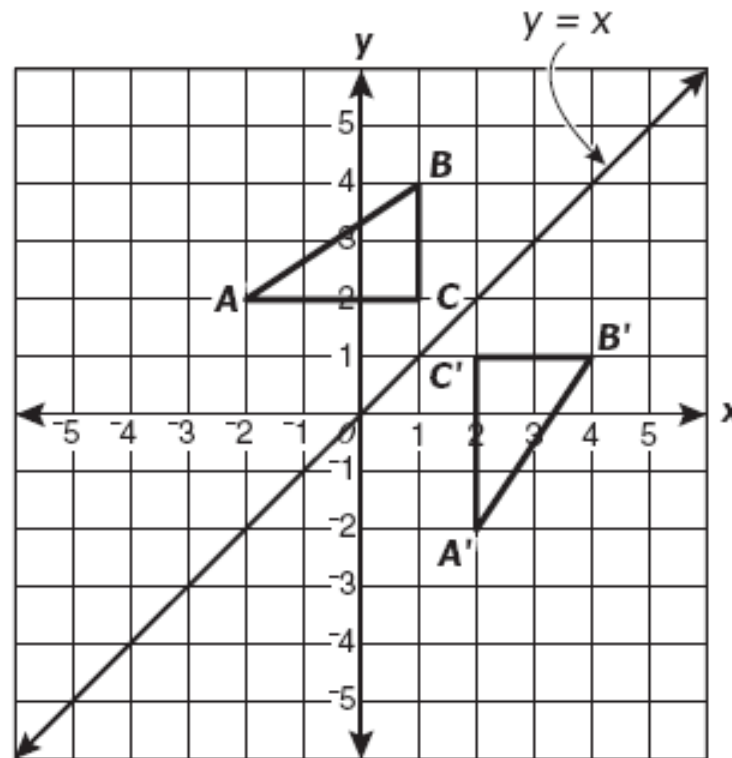
**G**  $x = 5$

**H**  $y = 5$

**J**  $y = x$

Line  $y = 5$  cuts the rectangle into two halves

so it is a line of symmetry



**SSM:**

- reflections  $\rightarrow$  equal distance
- folded over line  $y = x$

$\triangle A'B'C'$  is apparently the result of —

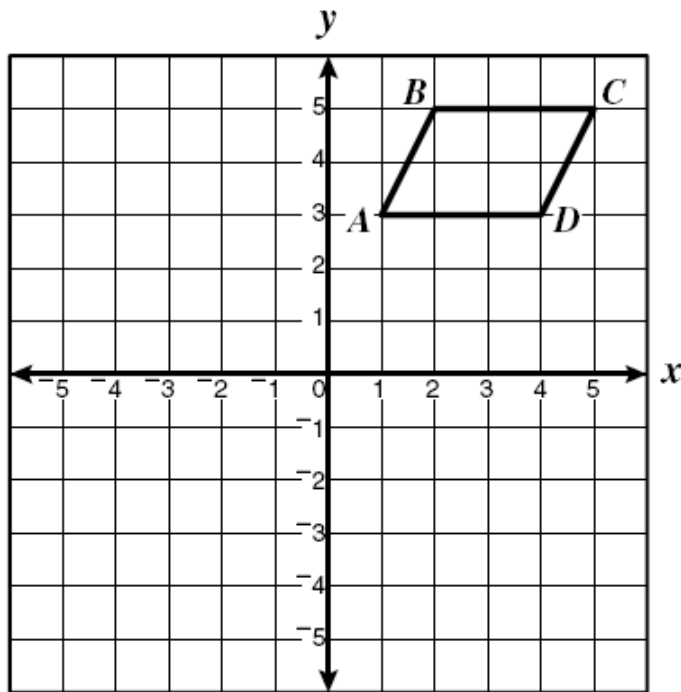
- A reflecting  $\triangle ABC$  across the  $y$ -axis
- B reflecting  $\triangle ABC$  across the  $x$ -axis
- C rotating  $\triangle ABC$  about the point  $(1, 2)$
- D** reflecting  $\triangle ABC$  across the line  $y = x$

reflection across line  $y = x$

points and their reflections are  
equal distance from line of reflection



40

**SSM:**

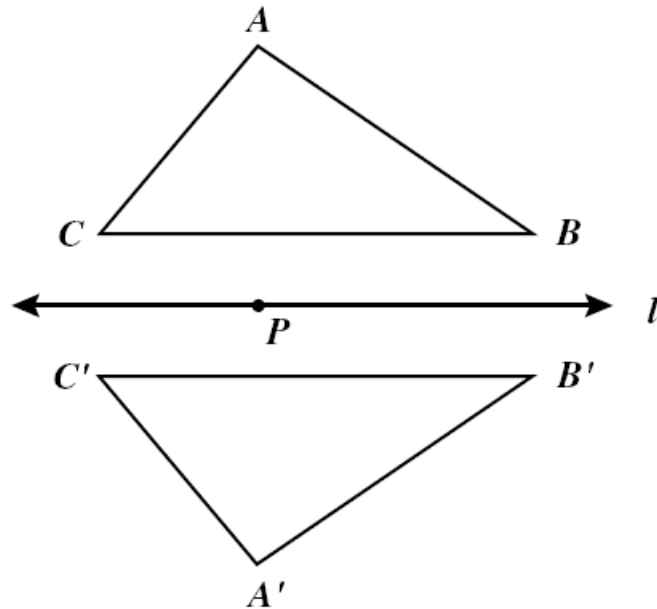
- copy figure on graph paper
- use scrap paper and copy figure and move D to new location

If parallelogram  $ABCD$  is translated so that the new location of point  $D$  is  $(-1, 2)$ , what would be the new location of point  $B$ ?

- F  $(-5, 0)$
- G  $(-3, 4)$**
- H  $(-2, 5)$
- J  $(1, 4)$

- from D to B is left 2 and up 2
- from  $(-1, 2)$  do the same

- 41 Triangle  $A'B'C'$  is a transformation of triangle  $ABC$ .



If  $A \rightarrow A'$ ,  $B \rightarrow B'$ , and  $C \rightarrow C'$ ,  $A'B'C'$  is a —

- A** reflection of triangle  $ABC$  across line  $l$
- B  $180^\circ$  rotation of triangle  $ABC$  about Point  $P$
- C translation of triangle  $ABC$  across the line  $l$
- D  $90^\circ$  rotation of triangle  $ABC$  across the line  $l$

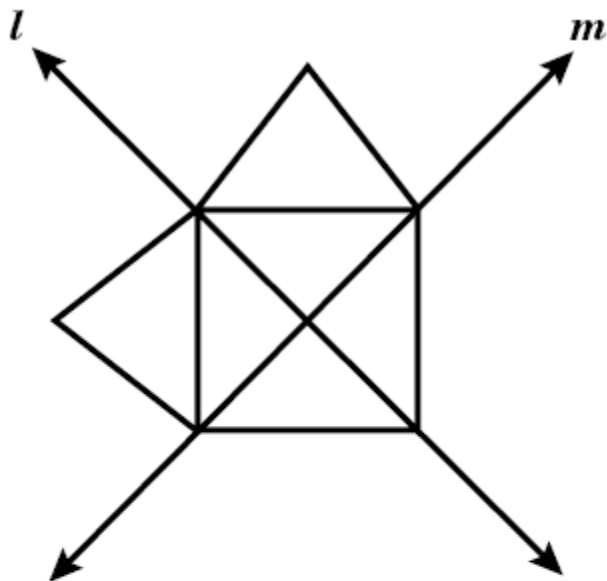
**SSM:**

- orientation changed for A , but not for C or B  $\rightarrow$  reflection

- Have to check each answer to see which is correct

- Answer A

44



The figure shown is apparently symmetric with respect to —

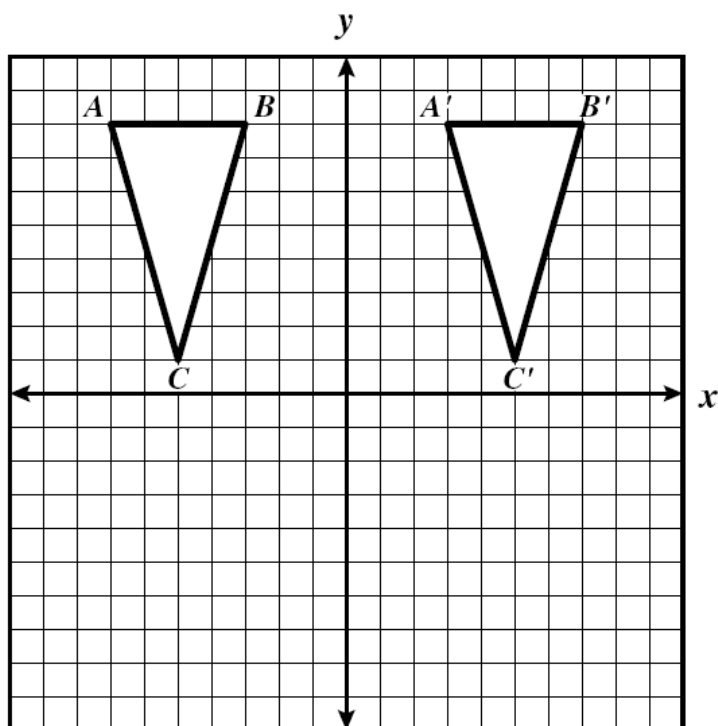
- F** line  $l$  only
- G line  $m$  only
- H both lines  $l$  and  $m$
- J neither line  $l$  nor line  $m$

**SSM:**

- copy figure on graph paper
- fold over the lines

- line of symmetry must have the same things on both sides

42



SSM:

• slide

check each answer:

A – correct

B – same orientation, so no rotation

C – A and A' still on left → no reflection

D – same side of x-axis

Triangle  $A'B'C'$  is —

- F** a translation of triangle  $ABC$  across the  $y$ -axis
- G** a  $90^\circ$  clockwise rotation of triangle  $ABC$  about the origin
- H** a reflection of triangle  $ABC$  across the  $y$ -axis
- J** a reflection of triangle  $ABC$  across the  $x$ -axis

**43 How many different lines of symmetry does a square have?**

A 1

B 2

C 3

**D 4**

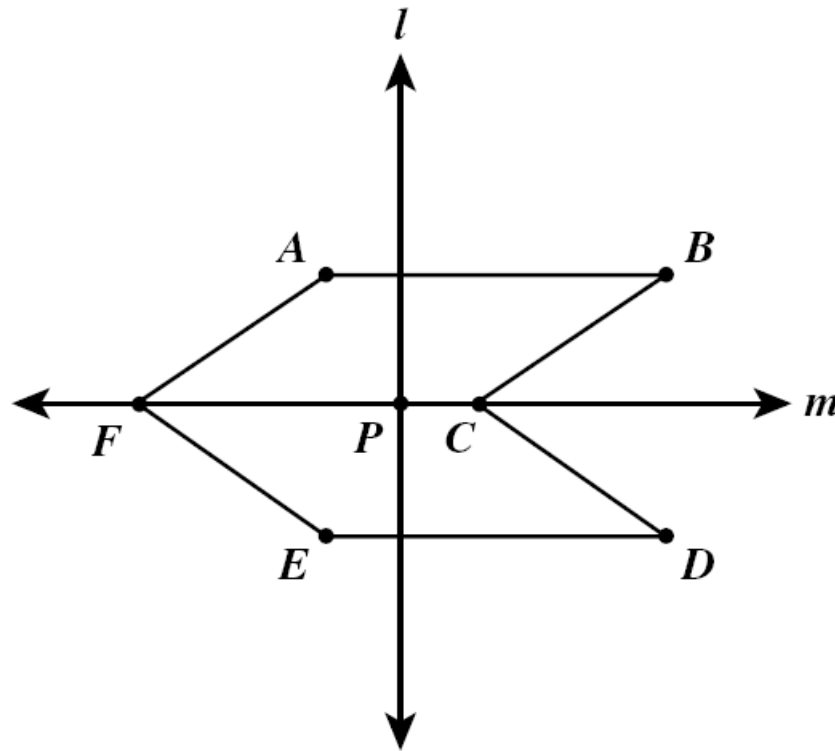
**SSM:**

• **draw a square and its lines of symmetry**

**Regular polygons have the same number of sides as lines of symmetry**

**so  $n = 4$**

45



SSM:

- fold figure in half over lines
- draw lines connecting corners through P

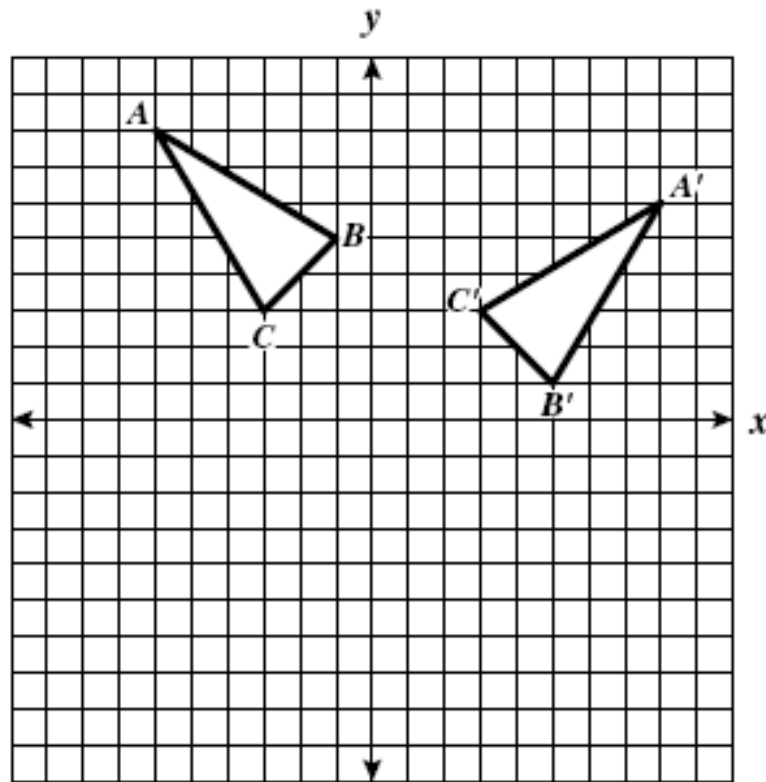
Hexagon  $ABCDEF$  is apparently symmetric with respect to —

- A point  $P$  only
- B line  $m$  only**
- C line  $l$  only
- D both lines  $l$  and  $m$  only

Line  $m$  is the only symmetric item in picture

you can fold the figure in half over it and get the match ups

41



SSM:

- no much help

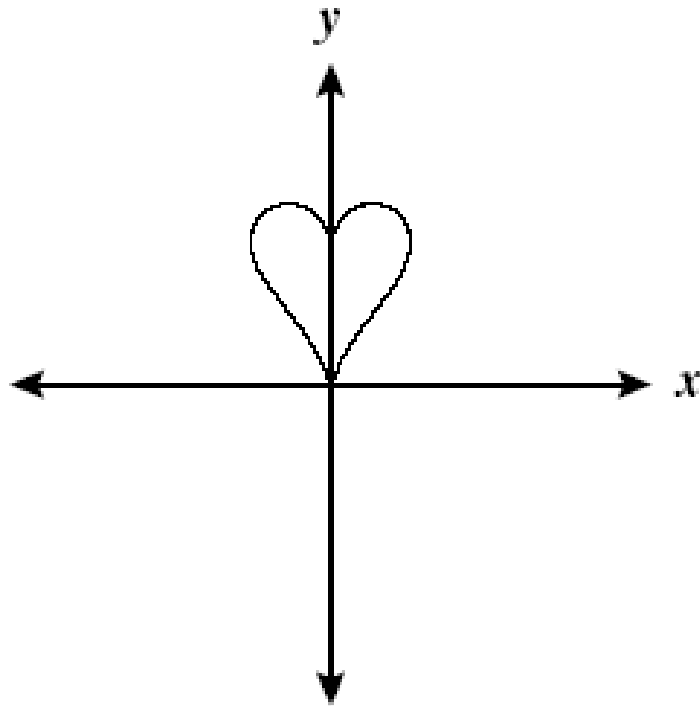
not a reflection or a translation →  
orientation of the figure changes

clockwise rotation

Triangle  $A'B'C'$  is apparently —

- A a translation of triangle  $ABC$  across the  $x$ -axis
- B** a  $90^\circ$  clockwise rotation of triangle  $ABC$  about the origin
- C a reflection of triangle  $ABC$  across the  $y$ -axis
- D a reflection of triangle  $ABC$  across the  $x$ -axis

43

**SSM:**

- fold figure in half
- which line does it fold over?

This figure is apparently symmetric with respect to —

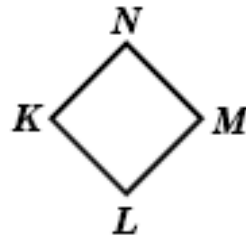
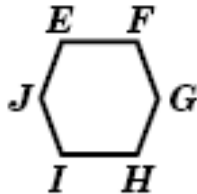
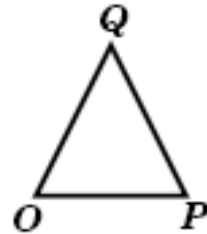
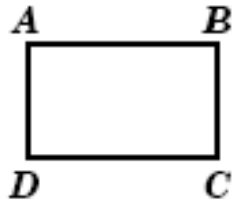
- A the  $x$ -axis only
- B the  $y$ -axis only**
- C both the  $x$ -axis and the  $y$ -axis
- D neither the  $x$ -axis nor the  $y$ -axis

**Line  $x = 0$ ,  $y$ -axis, cuts the heart into two halves**

**so it is a line of symmetry**



40



SSM:

- copy figures and draw in lines of symmetry

Which polygon shown above has only one line of symmetry?

- F Rectangle  $ABCD$   
 G Hexagon  $EFGHIJ$   
 H Square  $KLMN$   
 J Triangle  $OPQ$

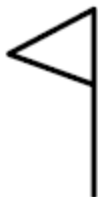
Rectangles have two

Hexagons have at least two (regular ones have 6)

Squares have four

Triangle have at most three (isosceles have 1!)

41 Consider this figure.



**SSM:**

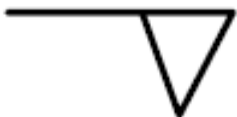
- draw figure on scrap paper and rotate the paper
- see which answer fits

Which of the following is a rotation in the plane of the given figure?

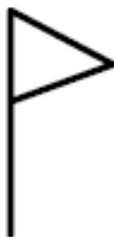
A



B



C

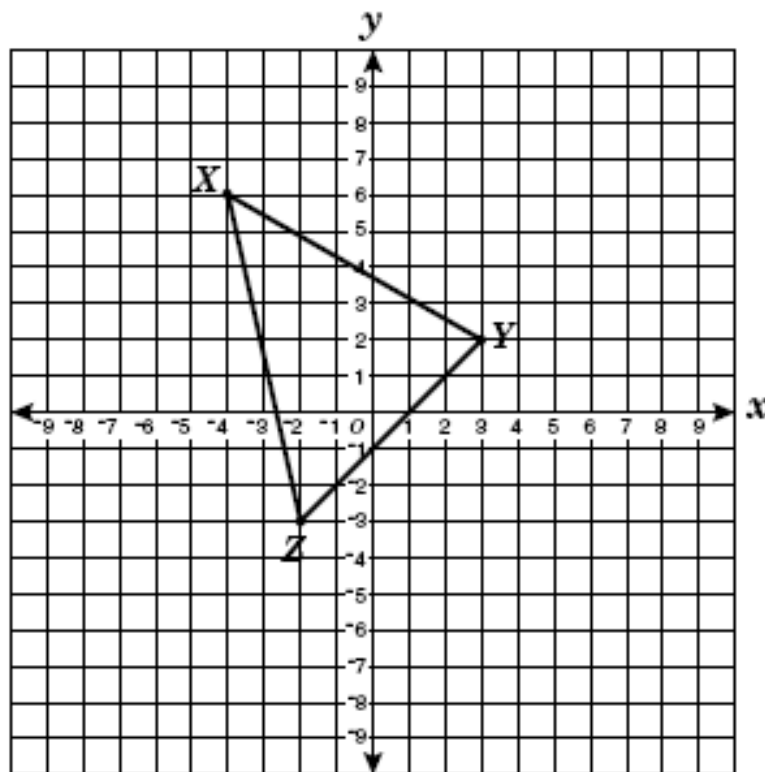


D



**Rotations keep orientation within figure same**  
**The point of the flag is to the left of the stick**  
**as it rotates it either trails (clockwise) or leads (counterclockwise)**

42

**SSM:**

- Plot points at see which is Y reflected across y-axis

If triangle  $XYZ$  is reflected across the  $y$ -axis to form triangle  $X'Y'Z'$ , what is the coordinate of  $Y'$ ?

**F**  $(-3, 2)$

G  $(4, 6)$

H  $(2, -3)$

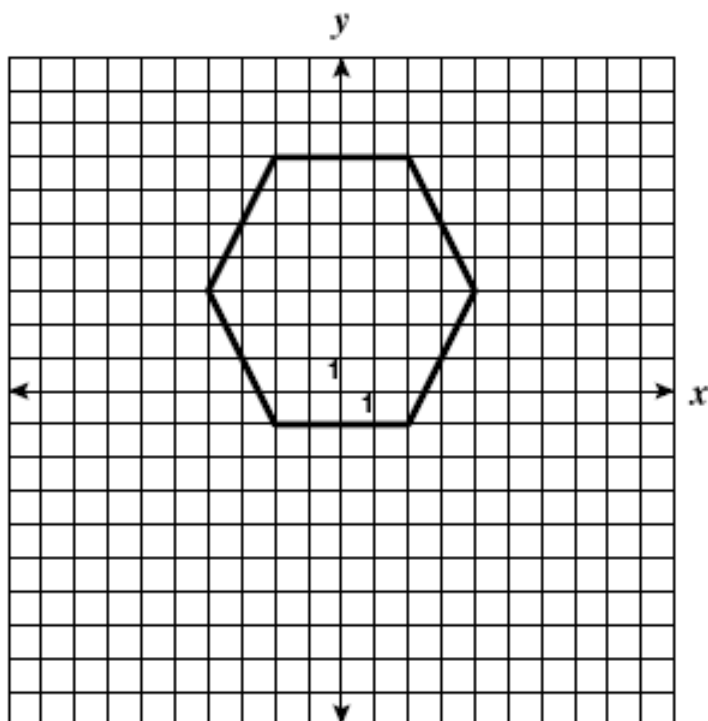
J  $(3, -2)$

reflections are equal distant from reflection line

Y was 3 away from  $y$ -axis, ( $y$ -value stays at 2)

Y' is -3 away from  $y$ -axis

- 40 All the vertices of the hexagon have integral coordinates.



**SSM:**

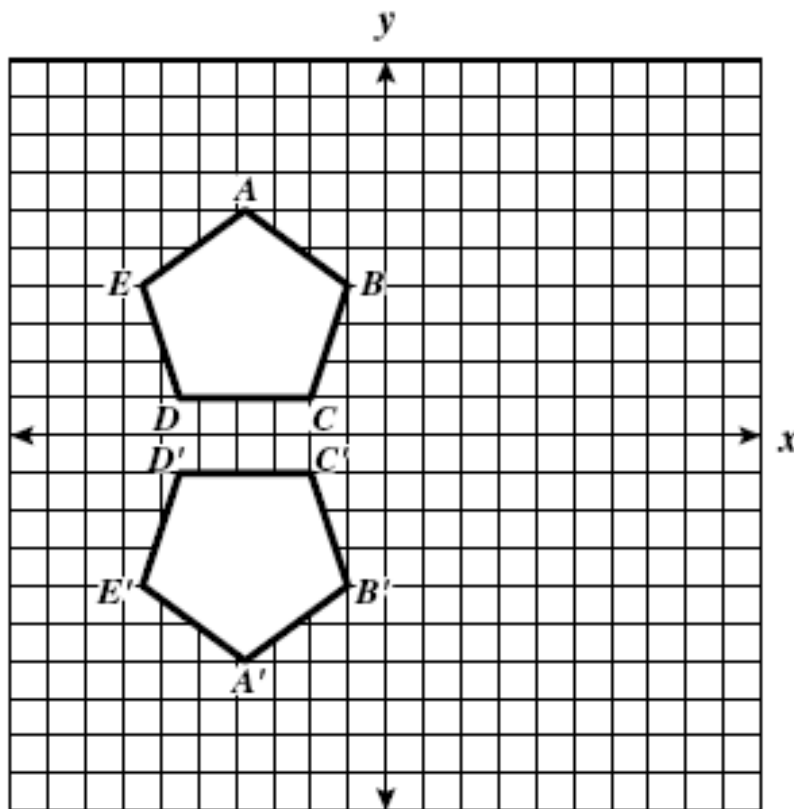
- graph each line from pair of points
- see which is a line of symmetry

One of the lines of symmetry for the hexagon goes through —

- F**  $(-4, 3)$  and  $(4, 3)$
- G  $(-2, -2)$  and  $(2, 7)$
- H  $(-2, 7)$  and  $(2, -2)$
- J  $(2, -2)$  and  $(-2, -7)$

**Answer F is a horizontal line of symmetry**

41



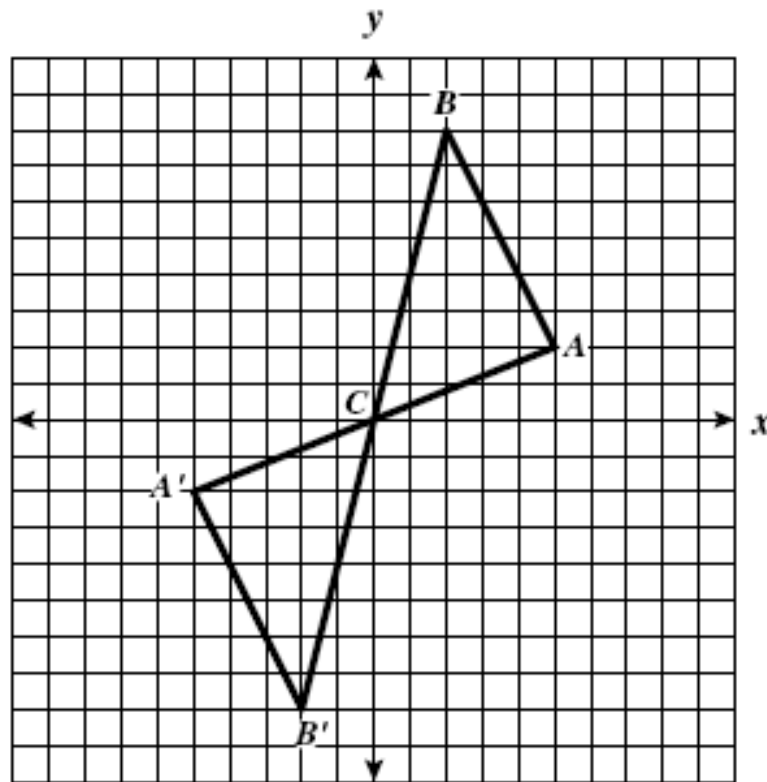
SSM:

• no help

The polygon  $A'B'C'D'E'$  is —

- A a translation of  $ABCDE$  across the  $x$ -axis
- B a  $180^\circ$  clockwise rotation of  $ABCDE$  about the origin
- C a reflection of  $ABCDE$  across the  $y$ -axis
- D** a reflection of  $ABCDE$  across the  $x$ -axis

the pentagon has been reflected  
across the  $x$ -axis



Triangle  $A'B'C$  is —

- F a translation of triangle  $ABC$  across the  $y$ -axis
- G** a  $180^\circ$  rotation of triangle  $ABC$  about the origin
- H a reflection of triangle  $ABC$  across the  $y$ -axis only
- J a reflection of triangle  $ABC$  across the  $x$ -axis only

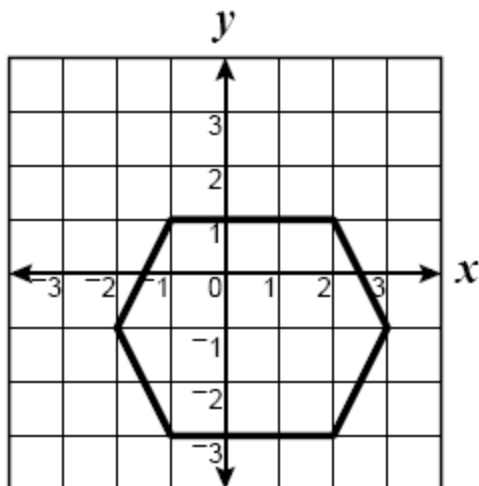
**SSM:**

- translation  $\rightarrow$  no
- reflection across axis  $\rightarrow$  no
- must be rotation

**The figure is a reflection across the origin**

**Reflections across the origin are the same as  $180^\circ$  rotations about the origin**

41

**SSM:**

- draw picture on graph paper
- draw lines of symmetry (splitting figure in half)
- see which answer fits

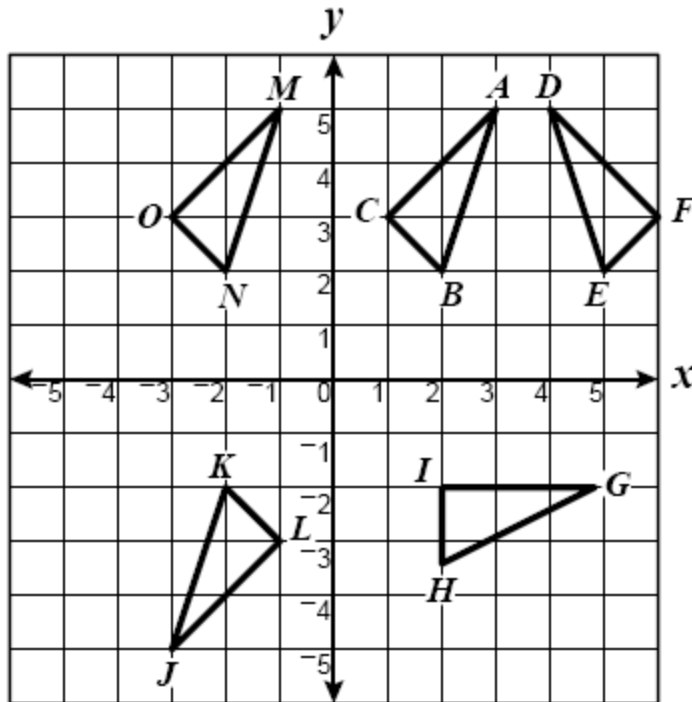
The hexagon in the drawing has a line of symmetry through —

- A  $(-1, -3)$  and  $(2, 1)$
- B  $(1, 1)$  and  $(1, -3)$
- C  $(2, 3)$  and  $(2, -3)$
- D**  $(-2, -1)$  and  $(3, -1)$

**lines of symmetry cut figure in half**  
**since it is not a regular hexagon (all sides not equal), it**  
**will have less than 6 lines of symmetry**

**$y = -1$  is a horizontal line of symmetry and**  
 **$x = \frac{1}{2}$  is a vertical line of symmetry**

42



SSM:

• 180 is halfway of 360

Which triangle is a  $180^\circ$  rotation about the origin of triangle  $ABC$ ?

F  $\triangle DEF$ 

G  $\triangle GHI$ 

H  $\triangle JKL$ 

J  $\triangle MNO$ 

$180^\circ$  rotation is same as a flip across origin  
going from QI to QIII