Distance = Rate x Time
$$d = rt$$

Rate of Change (Slope)

Solve for r

$$r=\frac{d}{t}$$

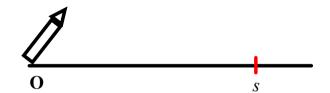
$$r = \frac{\Delta d}{\Delta t}$$

Title: Dec 3-4:43 PM (1 of 6)

Rates of Change

(Slope)

Suppose a rocket starts form rest at a point O and is at a <u>distance s feet</u> from O along a straight path at the end of <u>t seconds</u>



Equation: s = 10t2

$$s = 10t2$$

$$f(t) = 10t2$$

Domain: R

Range: nonnegative R

f(t) = distance traveled in time t from t = 0 (change in distance)

$$f(1) =$$

$$f(2) =$$

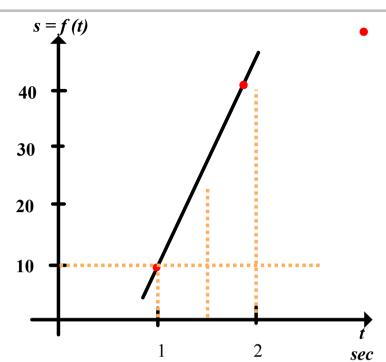
Distance travelled from t = 0 to t = 1

Distance travelled from t = 0 to t = 2

$$f(t) = 10 t2$$

$$f(t) = 10 t2$$

$$\underline{\text{Average Speed}} = \frac{\Delta d}{\Delta t}$$



Average Speed over the time interval from t = 1 to t = 2

$$\underline{\text{Average Speed}} = \frac{\Delta d}{\Delta t}$$

Average Speed over the time interval from t = 1 to t = 1.5

Title: Dec 3-4:47 PM (3 of 6)

What is the speed
$$\underline{at} t = 1$$
?

$$r = \frac{\Delta d}{\Delta t}$$

So how do we find the speed at that particular instant t=1 ???

f(t) = 10t2

Find Average Speeds over short time intervals

from
$$t = 1$$
 to $t = 1 + h$

for smaller and smaller positive values of h

h	0.2	0.1	0.05	0.01	0.001
$\frac{f(1+h)-f(1)}{h}$	22	21	20.5	20.1	20.01

What value does the speed seem to be approaching?

The ratio can be made as close as desired to 20 by taking sufficiently small values of $h, h \neq 0$

Instantaneous Velocity

$$\lim_{h\to 0} \frac{f(t+h)-f(t)}{h}$$

Title: Dec 3-5:05 PM (4 of 6)

$$s = 10t2$$

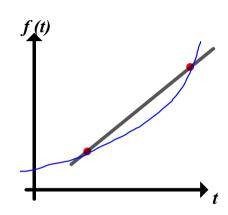
Find the average speed of the rocket from t = 3 to t = 5

Find the speed of the rocket at t = 5

Title: Dec 3-8:18 PM (5 of 6)

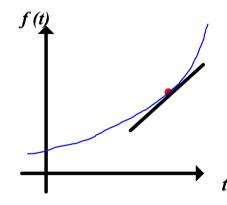
Average Rate of Change = slope of a secant line through 2 points

$$rave = \frac{f(t+h) - f(t)}{h}$$



<u>Instantaneous Rate of Change</u> = slope of tangent line at point

$$rins = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(t+h) - f(t)}{h}$$



Title: Dec 3-5:05 PM (6 of 6)