Checking recovered refrigerant for non-condensables

- 1. Stabilize temperature of recovered refrigerant; record actual temperature
- 2. Read gauge pressure
- 3. Use P-T chart to determine temperature
- 4. Subtract actual temperature from chart temperature
- 5. If difference is more than 2°F, non-condensables are present

Example:

R-22

Stabilized temperature $(T_{actual}) = 70^{\circ}F$ Gauge pressure = 132 psig Chart temperature $(T_{chart}) = 75^{\circ}F$

Difference $(T_{chart} - T_{actual}) = 5^{\circ}F$

→ Non-condensables present in recovery container