Refrigeration & Air Conditioning Technology **SECTION 2** SAFETY, TOOLS AND **EQUIPMENT, SHOP PRACTICES UNIT 7: TUBING AND PIPING** DELMAR CENGAGE Learning

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UNIT OBJECTIVES

After studying this unit you should be able to

- list the different types of tubing used in heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration applications.
- describe two common ways of cutting copper tubing.
- list procedures used for bending tubing, discuss procedures used for soldering and brazing tubing, describe two methods for making flared joints.
- state procedures for making swaged joints
- describe procedures for preparing and threading steel pipe ends. list four types of plastic pipe and describe uses for each.
- describe alternative, mechanical methods for joining pipe sections



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Purpose of Tubing and Piping

- · Provides a path for refrigerant to take
- Provides a means to return oil to the compressor
- Provides a means to supply oil or gas to heating appliances
- Provides a path for water to take in hydronic heating systems
- Proper installations prevent refrigerant and other fluid loss



Refrigeration & Air Conditioning Technology Types and Sizes of Copper Tubing Soft or hard drawn tubing "K" pipe is heavy duty "L" pipe is standard weight "M" and "DWV" are lighter weight piping ACR Tubing measured by outside diameter Nominal tubing is measured by inside diameter

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ACR and NOMINAL TUBING IDENTIFICATION

ACR TUBING

NOMINAL TUBING

7/8"

Both pipes are physically the same size, but are identified differently depending on the application

Refrigeration & Air Conditioning Technology Tubing Insulation Insulating piping material prevents heat transfer between the fluid in the pipe and the surrounding air Reduces the formation of condensate on cold lines such as cold water lines or the suction line on an air conditioning system Increases the efficiency of hydronic heating systems by keeping the heat in the pipes Closed cell insulation is desired

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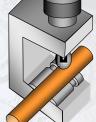
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Refrigeration & Air Conditioning Technology **Cutting Tubing** · Tubing can be cut with a hacksaw or tubing cutter - Tubing cutters for refrigeration lines and smaller tubing - Hacksaws for larger diameter piping material · Remove burrs from tubing after cutting · All cuts must be perfectly straight

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- 1. Mark the tubing at the desired cut point
- 2. Position the tubing on the rollers
- 3. Tighten the knob on the cutter until the cutting wheel comes in contact with the tubing
- 4. Rotate the cutter around the tubing



- 5. Tighten the wheel on the cutter
- 6. Continue rotating and tightening the knob until the tubing is cut
- 7. Maintain a moderate pressure on the wheel at all times and be sure to not over tighten the knob

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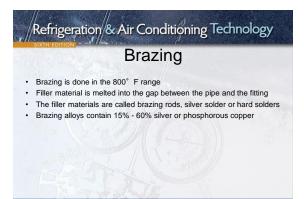
Bending Tubing

- · Only soft-drawn tubing should be bent
- · Use as large a radius as possible
- · Do not allow tubing to kink or flatten
- · Tubing can be bent with a bending spring or lever-type bender
- · Bending springs can be used on either the inside or outside of

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Refrigeration & Air Conditioning Technology Soldering Process used to join piping material to fittings Soldering is done in the 500° F range Filler material is melted into the gap between the pipe and the fitting Filler material adheres to the fitting and pipe The filler material is called solder 50/50 solder is 50% tin and 50% lead 95/5 solder is 95% tin and 5% antimony



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Heat Sources for Soldering and Brazing

- Torches Propane, Butane, Air-acetylene and Oxy-acetylene torches are commonly used
- The torch kit consists of a fuel tank, regulator, hose and torch tips
- Torch tips are available in a wide range of sizes and styles

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Setting Up the Air-acetylene Torch

- · Quickly open and close tank to free any dirt
- Connect regulator, hose and torch to tank
- Make certain torch handle valve is closed
- Open tank one-half turn
- Open torch handle valve and ignite fuel with a spark lighter and adjust
- · Close all valves and bleed hose after use



Refrigeration & Air Conditioning Technology Soldering Techniques Clean the end of the pipe as well as the inside of the fitting Apply flux immediately after cleaning Assemble the joint Heat and apply solder Wipe the joint after soldering to remove excess solder

1. Apply heat to the tubing near the fitting
2. Move the torch and heat the fitting
3. Keep the torch moving from the tubing to the fitting to heat the entire joint
4. The inner cone of the flame should just touch the metal
5. Use the heat of the metal to melt the solder. Do not melt the solder with the torch
6. Feed solder to fill the joint
7. Do not use excessive amounts of solder
8. Wipe the joint clean

Refrigeration & Air Conditioning Technology Brazing Techniques Clean the pipes and fittings when necessary Introduce 1 to 2 psig of nitrogen to the piping circuit Light the torch and uniformly heat the joint The joint will be at the correct temperature when the joint glows cherry red Apply filler material to completely fill the joint

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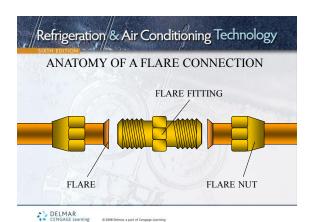
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Refrigeration & Air Conditioning Technology Soldering and Brazing Tips Clean all surfaces Keep filings and flux from inside of pipe Filler material will flow toward the heat source Apply more heat to the fitting Do not overheat the joint Do not use too much filler material Clean all joint after soldering or brazing

Refrigeration & Air Conditioning Technology Making Flare Joints Cut tube to the desired length and ream Slip flare nut over the end of the tubing Clamp the tube in the flaring block Place the yoke over the flaring block Turn the yoke screw down firmly to flare Remove the yoke Inspect the flare

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Refrigeration & Air Conditioning Technology SWAGING Techniques Involves expanding one end of a section of tubing to join two sections of same size tubing The joint is then soldered or brazed The depth of the swage should be equal to the diameter of the tubing A swaging tool and flaring block are needed to make a swage joint

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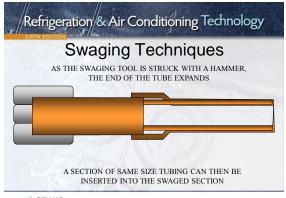
Swaging Techniques

- · Secure tubing in the flaring block
- The tube should extend from the block a distance equal to the diameter of the tube plus one-eighth of an inch
- · Insert the swaging tool into the end of the tube
- Strike the swaging tool with a hammer until the proper shape and length has been obtained
- · Inspect the swage

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Refrigeration & Air Conditioning Technology Steel Pipe Seam welded or produced without a seam Black pipe or galvanized (zinc coated) Plumbing, hydronic and gas heating applications Pipe size is referred to as the nominal pipe size Nominal size is approximately equal to the inside diameter of the pipe

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Refrigeration & Air Conditioning Technology Joining Steel Pipe Joined by welding or by using threaded fittings Tapered threads are used on pipe and fittings Tapered threads reduce the chance of leaks There should be 7 perfect threads and 2 imperfect threads for each joint

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Refrigeration & Air Conditioning Technology Cutting Steel Pipe Pipe can be cut with a hacksaw or a pipe cutter All cuts must be perfectly square The pipe cutter is a larger version of the tubing cutter discussed earlier Over tightening the pipe cutter can result in the formation of a large burr in the pipe and the shortened life of the cutting wheel Ream the pipe after cutting is complete

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Refrigeration & Air Conditioning Technology Threading Steel Pipe Secure the pipe in a pipe vise Place cutting die on the end of the pipe and apply oil Turn the die onto the pipe, using the stock as a ratchet Turn the die one or two turns and then back the die off the pipe ½ turn Repeat oiling and threading until the pipe is flush with the far side of the die

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THE THREADING STOCK AND DIE ARE POSITIONED OVER THE PIPE AND TURNED TO CREATE THREADS

WHEN THE PIPE REACHES THE OUTER EDGE OF THE STOCK AND DIE,

THREADING IS COMPLETE

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Installing Steel Pipe

Pipe wrenches are used to hold and/or turn pipes and fittings
Apply pipe dope to the male threads of the pipe
Avoid getting dope on the two threads at the end of the pipe
Use two wrenches to tighten a connection
The wrenches should be positioned in opposite directions

Refrigeration & Air Conditioning Technology Plastic Piping Materials ABS – Used for water drains, waste and venting PE – Used for water, gas and irrigation systems PVC (polyvinyl chloride) Can be used for high pressure applications Can be used for low temperature applications CPVC (chlorinated polyvinyl chloride) Used for temperatures up to 180° F Used for pressures up to 100 psig

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Preparing PVC and CPVC for Joining

- · Cut the pipe square
- · Remove any burrs from the end of the pipe
- · Clean the end of the pipe with primer
- Apply cement to the inside of the fitting and the outside of the end of the pipe
- · Insert the pipe all the way into the fitting
- Turn pipe about ¼ turn and hold for 1 minute

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Unit Summary

- · Copper tubing can be soft or hard-drawn
- · Copper tubing is identified as K, L, M, or DWV
- · ACR tubing is measured by its outside diameter
- · Nominal tubing measured by its inside diameter
- · Piping operations include cutting, bending, flaring, soldering and brazing
- · Steel pipe joined by welding or by using threaded fittings
- Plastic pipe can be ABS, PE, PVC, or CPVC

