National Latin Exam: Practice III

Latin I

1. Da *mihi* librum. A. of me B. from me C. with me D. to me

2. Servi dominum in oppido *vīdērunt*. A. saw B. will see C. see D. to see

3. Which is not one of the Seven Hills of Rome? A. Capitoline B. Tibur C. Quirinal D. Palantine

4. Numa Pompilius, Ancius Martius and Tarquinius Superbus were Roman A. generals B. senators C. kings D. emperors

*Material tested*

*1. The verb “gives” suggests what relationship to the word me? The answer is “d”*

*2. Remember the irregular past tense verbs*

*3. One of these is the river that goes through Rome*

*4. These are figures from Rome’s legendary past, before the republic was founded*

Latin II.

1. In Foro *audies* clamorem multum. A. you hear B. you will hear C. you heard D. you were hearing

2. Propter clamores eum audire non *poteram.* A. I couldn’t B. I will not be able C. I am not able D. I will not have been able

3. Alexandria and Carthage were great ancient cities located in A. Africa B. Europe C. Asia D. Italy

4. Where did the Trojan Aeneas encounter the boatman Charon? A. in Troy B. in Italy c. In Africa D. in Hades

*Material tested*

*1. remember the tenses of short “e” and “I” verbs? What does it mean when they are conjugated with an “e?”*

*2. This again has a verb which is a compound of “sum” so use your understanding of “eram” to help you*

*3. If you knew that Cleopatra’s palace was in Alexandria and that she was queen of Egypt, this should give you the answer*

*4. In mythology, souls had to give him money for passage so which river are they crossing into what land?*

Latin III

1. Pompeius ipse cum militibus e Graeciā *profectus est*. a. is setting out b. set out c. will set out d. had set out.

2. Hic puer est filius *minimus natu.* A. tallest B. oldest C. smartest D. youngest

3. The museum proudly announced its acquisition of janiform figures. A. ancient b. two-heades C. larger –than-life D. contemporary

4. A fitting motto for a new government might be a. novo ordo saeclorum b. de mortuis nisi bonum c. ars gratia artis d. cum grano salis

*Material tested*

*1. this verb is a deponent, so what tense is made by a two-part verb?*

*2. think about words like natal and minimum to help you*

*3. What did the god Janus look like?*

*4. . English words from the vocab in these mottos are a. order, novelty, secular b. mortality c. art, gratitude d. grain, salt. Another hint: one of these is on the dollar bill*

Latin IV

1. Baucis *tantum* Philemonem amabat *quantum* ab eo amata est. a. where…as b. as much…as c. not only…but also d. just as…when

2. Apollo tandem scit Cassandram se *non amare*. A. will not love b. did not love c.cannot love d. does not love

3. The physican prescribed and *expectorant* because his patient was suffering from a A. chest cold b. stomach ache c.head ache d. fever

4. This city called Byzantium by the Greeks and Constantinople by the Romans is today called

a. Alexandria b. Istanbul c. Athens d. Naple

*material tested*

*1. these words are often used in balancing phrases to the best translation is “b”*

*2. The present tense infinitive shows same time as the introducing verb which, here, is present tense*

*3. The base of the word is “pectus;” chest*

4. This city is now in modern Turkey

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