

Bilingual/ESOL Department

ESOL: Building Foundations for ELLs K-5 Day 3

Armelle Johnson

Rosemarie Richard

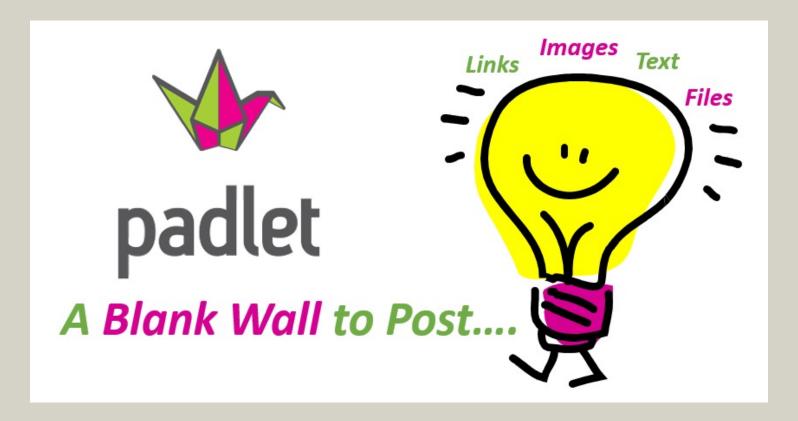
Instructional Facilitators



- Equity of Voice
- Active Listening
- Respect for all Perspectives
- Safety and Confidentiality
- Self-Monitor Use of Electronics



https://padlet.com/armelle_johnson/BuildingFoundationsK_5



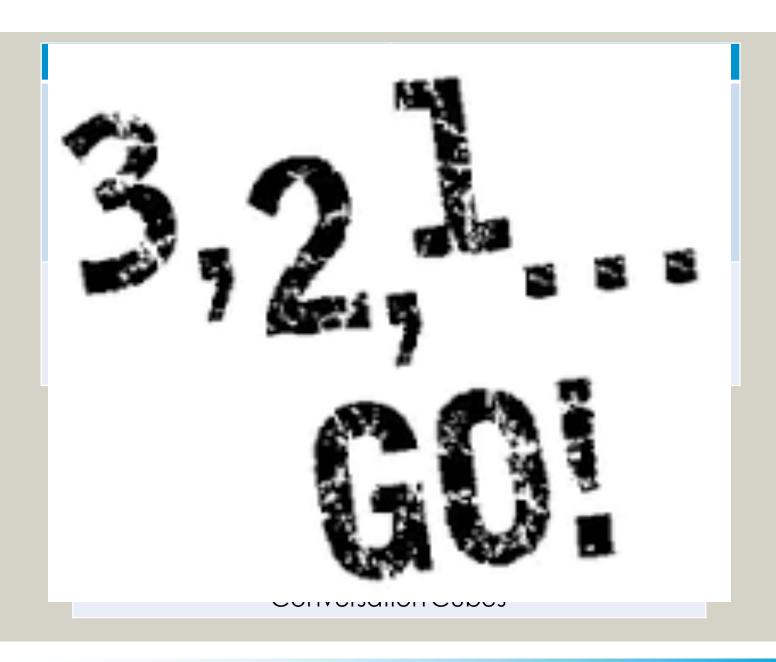


3-Day Professional Development: Rock Island Professional Development Center (1203)

■ Tuesday, October 11th, 18th, and 25th 8:00AM-3:00PM

■ Lunch 11:30-12:30

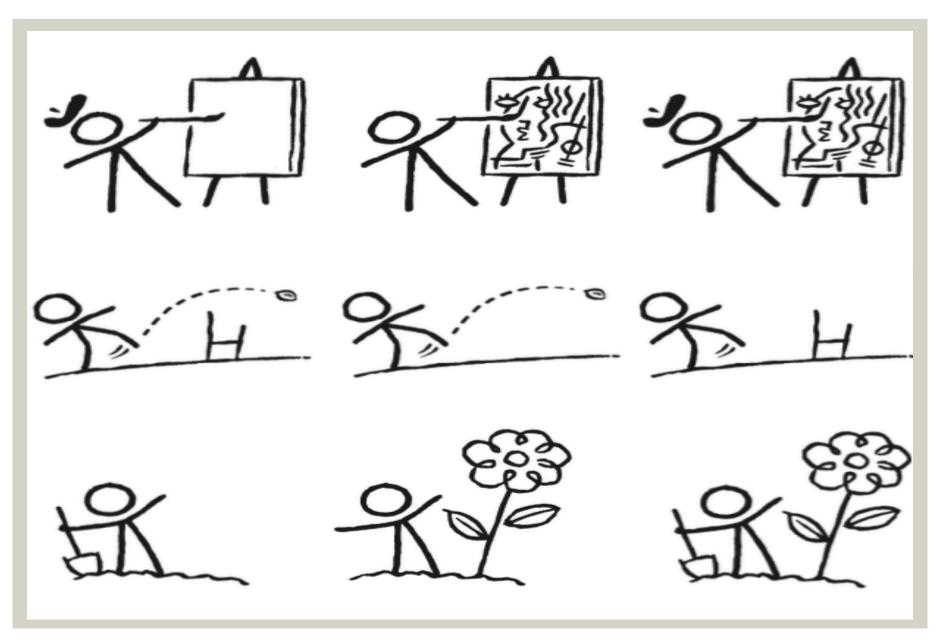






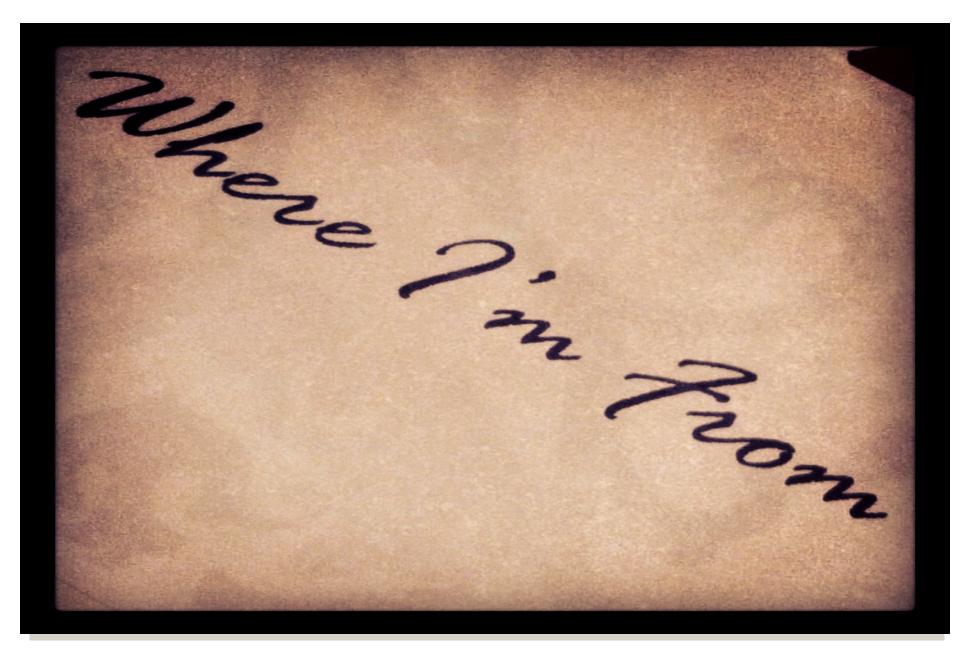








Now it's your turn...





Content

You will be able to:

- Identify techniques for ongoing, formative assessment of student comprehension.
- Consider the use of supplemental resources with ESOL students.

Language

You will be able to:

- Share, orally and in writing, ideas for reviewing content and key vocabulary.
- Explore supplemental ESOL resources.



Day Three

AM

- Home Fun Review
- Review and Assessment
- Preparing ELLs for Success

11:30-12:30 Lunch

PM

- Supplemental Resources
- •What It Takes for ELLs to Succeed
- Implementation
- Final Reflection
- Housekeeping





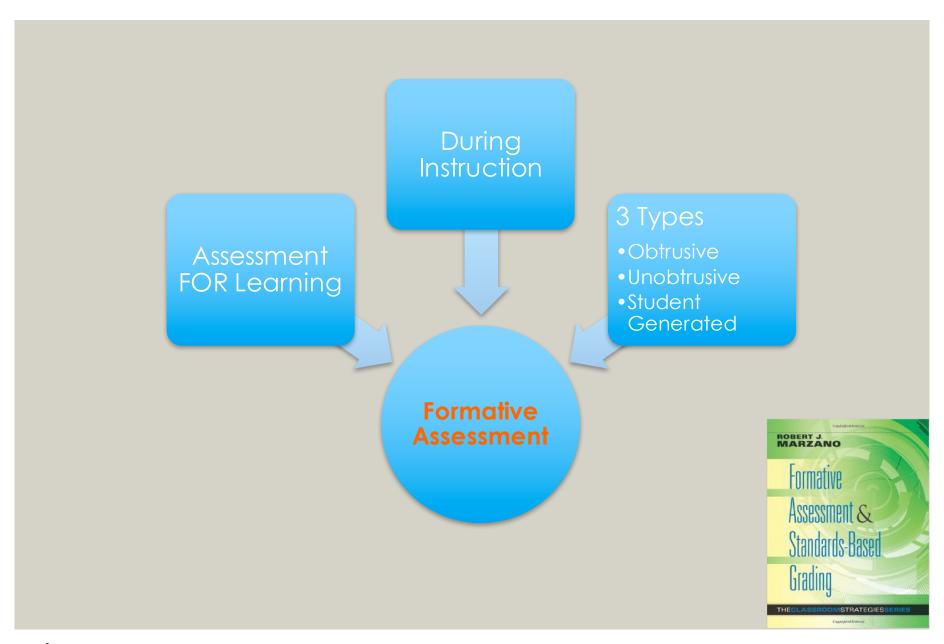
What is the single most important piece of information that will allow us to teach our students better?

What is formative assessment? Why is it important?











Question Toss

- 1. Write a quiz question about what you have learned so far about working with ELLs on a piece of paper and wad it up into a ball.
- 2. Stand with your teammates and choose who will go first.
- 3. The first player tosses their "ball" to another player. That player reads the question and answers it. If help is needed, teammates may rally together to help answer the question.
- 4. After the player has answered the question, he/she tosses the question that he/she wrote to another team member.
- 5. Play continues until all questions are tossed, read, and answered.



All Hands Up

- 1. What happens to Bruce Banner when you make him angry?
- 2. What did Maxwell Smart use as a telephone?
- 3. What was Kramer's first name?
- 4. Which university do Sheldon, Leonard, Howard and Raj work?
- 5. Who was the former host of AFV and is now the host of DWTS?



Quiz-Quiz-Trade

- 1. Have students stand-up, put their hands-up and then pair-up with someone else who has their hand up.
- 2. Partner A quizzes and Partner B answers.
- 1. Partner A coaches or praises.
- 2. Switch roles.
- 3. Partners trade cards and raise their hands to find new partners.
- 4. Repeat steps 1-6 a number of times.







Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day Veteran's Day Thanksgiving President's Day Memorial Day Independence Day Cinco de Mayo





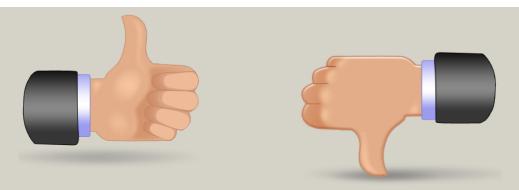






MEDIA THAT MATTERS





- •ELLs will quickly become fluent in English if immersed in all-English instruction.
- •It is important to consider various assessment techniques to document ELLs' performance and growth.
- •The difference between failure and the honor roll often depends on the grading policies of the teacher.



Set clear goals for learning and provide feedback that focuses on meaning.

Provide support to students by "thinking aloud."

Build on and clarify input of students.

Provide opportunities to speak and encourage active participation of all students.

Activate or provide adequate prior knowledge.

Use visuals, manipulatives, and non-verbal cues.



- Preview and teach key vocabulary and concepts
- Explicitly teach new skills and English language structures
- Provide practice and application
- Frequently monitor comprehension
- •Challenge!

(Adapted from Garcia, Pearson, & Jimenez, 1990; Gersten & Baker, 2000)



Generally meet the following criteria:

- •Focus on documenting individual student growth over time, rather than comparing students with one another.
- •Emphasize students' strengths (what they know), rather than weaknesses (what they don't know).
- •Consideration is given to the learning styles, language proficiencies, cultural and educational backgrounds, and grade levels of students.



Grading

- •ELLs may not receive failing grades based on English language proficiency.
- •Grades must reflect accommodations, various assessment techniques and other ways that demonstrate the student is not failing due to language.



Graphic Organizers

Visual graphics contain key ideas and information arranged in an organized manner.

Observations

- Takes place at random.
- Can be documented in writing or tape.
 Should include date, time, and specifics.

Dialogue Journals

- •Students write to the teacher in response to a lesson, literature or their chosen topic.
- •Teacher models proper writing when responding.

Differentiation of

Assessments

Interviews

Used to gain knowledge of the students' educational background, prior knowledge, and/or reading comprehension.

Debates

Allow students to demonstrate oral fluency and knowledge of a specific concept by providing reasoning for their statements.

Checklists

Serve to document mastery of specific skills or concepts.

Portfolios

Collection of student work that exhibits the student's efforts, progress, and academic achievement.



- Provide a version of the test with simplified language
- Choosing key and/or main ideas for assessment
- Simplifying directions
- Reading test questions aloud
- Supplying word banks for tests
- Providing matching activities
- Extending time to complete the tests
- Using peer interpreters
- Allowing the student to respond orally rather than in written forms



Multiple choice: Eliminate one or more of the choices

Discussion and essay: Have ELLs label terms, draw and label diagrams and pictures

Matching: Reduce the number of matches required and eliminate "trick" language matches

Short-answer: Accept one-word answers and phrases in place of complete sentences

True/False: Eliminate or clarify "tricky" language, reduce the number of questions

Fill in the blank: Provide two or three options (make the answer multiple choice)



A1 Bilingual Dictionary

A2 Bilingual Support

A4 Flexible Scheduling

A5 Flexible Setting

A6 Flexible Timing

These can make a difference.







WIDA ELP Standards Report

Broward County Page: 1

Filter: All Standards (1-5), Both: Formative and Summative, Of the selected Students, those with any type of ELP scores are included.

Student: Marvin Practice Sanchez Martinez Test Date: 2/1/2016

Student #: _99900007 Date of Birth: 12/18/2007

8/10/2016

7:43 PM

School: Practice School (_999)

ELP Test Type: ACCESS for ELLs Cluster: Grades 9-12

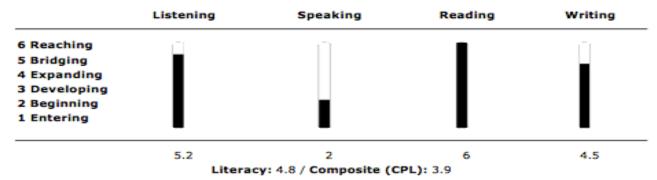
Grade Level: 11

Report: WIDASTD01

Test Results

Date:

Time:



Note: Performance Definitions for the Levels of English Language Proficiency in Grades K-12 are available in the CAN DO Performance Definitions listing.

WIDA Can Do Descriptors

At this ESOL student's level of English proficiency, you can expect that they will be able to:

scenarios from oral events, or objects English proficiency in this notes	marize content-related es from lectures or text
Make inferences from oral discourse containing satire, sarcasm, or humor Identify and react to subtle Make inferences from oral meaning narrate to subtle Give features of content-based material (e.g., time periods) of pur narrate comparison oral meaning narrate to subtle of pur narrate comparison oral meaning oral meaning oral discourse containing satire, based material (e.g., time periods)	ise work based on ative or oral feedback spose narrative and ository text for a variety urposes ify or defend ideas and sions
	fuce content-related orts



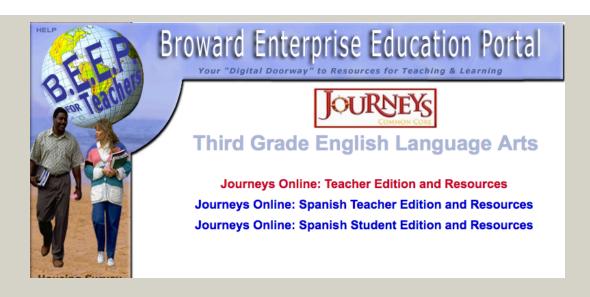
Making Language More Comprehensible

Effective teaching practices to incorporate in your daily teaching...

What it could sound/ look like in your
classroom
When giving directions use the same language for consistency (ex. Line up at the door)
When writing story problems for the math 4 block, include only relevant details. Use present tense when possible.
When introducing geometry as a new focus unit in math you might map out which vocabulary you will teach each day.
Refer to charts on the back for ideas
When teaching a new game in gym, you will explain the directions using varied language multiple times.
Use in all interactions and content areas
Use in all interactions and content areas
When it is lunch time you might say " I am hungry" instead of " My stomach is growling."
In math, explain and show how a word like "quarter" has different meanings.
After explaining a science experiment, you could ask students to turn and talk and tell their partner step-by- step what to do during the experiment.
General rulegive students at least 30 seconds to respond.

Created by Lestie Sandeen, Madison Metropolitan School District, Madison, WI







English Language Learners

Grade 3

English Language Learners Newcomer Teacher's Guide
English Language Learners Newcomer Vocabulary and Concepts Posters
English Language Learners Teacher's Handbook

Journeys Language Support Cards

Picture Card Bank
ELD Station















Close your Eyes





Close your Eyes

Imagine that you are sitting at the beach in your lounge chair. You are sitting under a colorful umbrella under a palm tree. You smell the ocean, you hear the birds, you feel the breeze across your face.



What It Takes for English Learners To SUCCEED

Jana Echevarria, Nancy Frey and Doug Fisher







https://kahoot.it/#/







Your implementation must include:

- Student first name and grade level
- 2-3 text boxes with notes about the student's background or history (Social Emotional Learning)
- 1 text box to include the Can Do Descriptor instructional level based on teacher observation for each language domain
- 1 text box on what the student "Can Do" in each language domain (Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing)
- 1 text box for instructional considerations to help meet the needs of the student to facilitate progression for each language domain

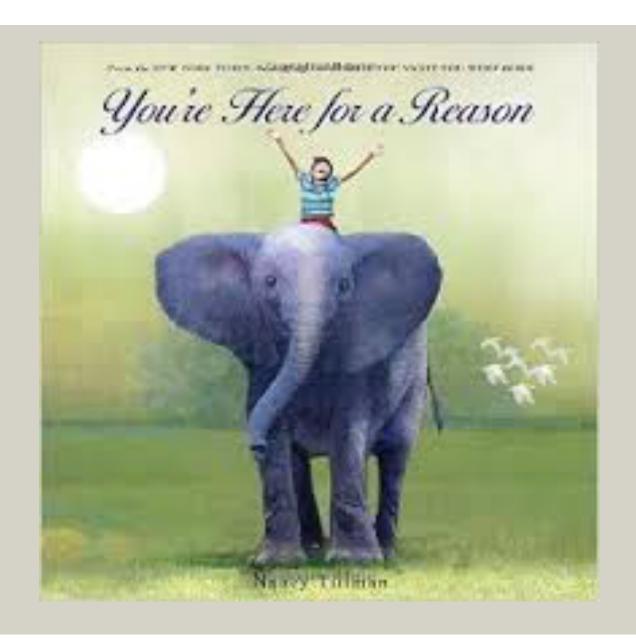
Your student portrait should include a total of 11-12 text boxes



"Every child deserves a champion—an adult who will never give up on them, who understands the power of connection and insists that they become the best that they can possibly be".

-Rita F. Pierson











■ FOR COMPLETION...

- Submit a Student Portrait on one English
 Language Learner and submit by December 2nd to rosemarie.richard@browardschools.com
- Professional Learning (formerly MLPPDMS):
 Professional Learning Feedback by December 2nd

TICKET OUT THE DOOR

Elevator Chat



Low level
LANGUAGE
proficiency
does NOT mean
low level
THINKING
proficiency.

Students can do no better than the assignments they are given.







Department



