

Find the range, mean, median, and mode of each data set.

1.

|                         |               |               |               |               |              |               |               |               |               |               |
|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Chief's Football scores | <del>12</del> | <del>45</del> | <del>23</del> | <del>11</del> | <del>6</del> | <del>21</del> | <del>10</del> | <del>32</del> | <del>15</del> | <del>27</del> |
|                         | 6             | 10            | 11            | 12            | 15           | 21            | 23            | 27            | 32            | 45            |

Range:  $45 - 6 = 39$

Median:  $36 \div 2 = 18$

Mean:  $202 \div 10 = 20.2$

Mode: no mode

The data in the table shows the number of miles each person drove to attend the teacher's conference.

| Number of Miles Driven by Each Family Member |               |               |               |               |               |               |               |               |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Amber  | Lesa          | Debbie        | Eric          | Kim           | Amy           | Jeanne        | Suzie         | Nick          |
| <del>35</del>                                | <del>50</del> | <del>45</del> | <del>38</del> | <del>47</del> | <del>35</del> | <del>52</del> | <del>42</del> | <del>40</del> |
| 35   | 35            | 38            | 40            | 42            | 45            | 47            | 50            | 52            |

Mr. K

80

2. Find the mean, median and mode of the miles driven.

Mean:  $384 \div 9 = 42.\bar{6}$

Median: 42

Mode: 35

3. At the last minute, Mr. Knudsen decided he should drive to the conference. He drove 80 miles to get to the conference. Include his data with the table.

a) How will his data change the mean? Justify your answer.

-1  $384 + 80 = 464 \div 10 = 46.4$  (new mean)

-1 The mean increased by almost 4

b) How will data his change the median? Justify your answer.

-1  $42 + 45 = 87 \div 2 = 43.5$  (new median)

-1 The median increased by 1.5

c) How will his data change the mode? Justify your answer.

-1 new mode 35,

-1 The mode did not change



|               |               |                |               |               |
|---------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| <del>6</del>  | <del>88</del> | <del>20</del>  | <del>38</del> | <del>18</del> |
| <del>14</del> | <del>13</del> | <del>104</del> | <del>12</del> | <del>82</del> |
| <del>34</del> | <del>10</del> | <del>65</del>  | <del>20</del> | <del>12</del> |
| <del>20</del> | <del>35</del> | <del>13</del>  | <del>44</del> | <del>28</del> |

4. Make a Stem-and-leaf plot.

| Stems | Leaves        |
|-------|---------------|
| 0     | 6             |
| 1     | 0 2 2 3 3 4 8 |
| 2     | 0 0 0 8       |
| 3     | 4 5 8         |
| 4     | 4             |
| 5     |               |
| 6     | 5             |
| 7     |               |
| 8     | 2 8           |
| 9     |               |
| 10    | 4             |

Key: 0|6 = 6

Step 1 Group by 10's

6  
10 12 12 13 13 14 18  
20 20 20 28  
34 35 38  
44  
65  
82 88  
104

5. Find each value of the data.

Mean: 33.8  
 $676 \div 20$

Median: 20  
20 #'s, 10<sup>th</sup> + 11<sup>th</sup> # is middle

Mode: 20

Which measure would NOT be good to use for describing the data set? Why?

mean; it's higher than over half of the data

Use the data in the table.

|               |               |               |               |               |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| <del>35</del> | <del>56</del> | <del>45</del> | <del>57</del> | <del>38</del> |
| <del>44</del> | <del>32</del> | <del>51</del> | <del>26</del> | <del>49</del> |
| <del>33</del> | <del>41</del> | <del>37</del> | <del>46</del> | <del>60</del> |
| <del>50</del> | <del>55</del> | <del>55</del> | <del>31</del> | <del>52</del> |

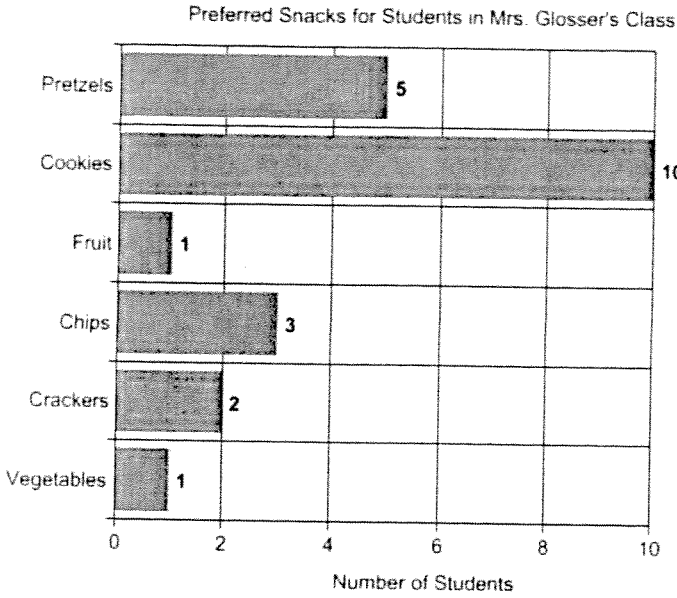
6. Make a frequency table with intervals.

| Interval  | 26-37 | 38-49 | 50-61 |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|
| Frequency | 6     | 6     | 8     |

- To find intervals - look at range: 26 to 60  
35 #'s  
 $36 \div 3 = 12$
- Tally each data # under frequency
- Put #'s in Frequency boxes



**Use the bar graph.**



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- Which snack was liked the best? Cookies
- Which snacks were liked by about the same number of students?  
Fruit, Vegetables
- How many students said that their favorite snack was pretzels? 5

**Use the frequency table.**

| Price (\$)   | Frequency |
|--------------|-----------|
| \$0-\$4.99   | 2         |
| \$5-\$9.99   | 6         |
| \$10-\$14.99 | 10        |
| \$15-\$19.99 | 2         |

- Make a histogram in the box at the right.

