

AMERICAN CAPITALISM CHAPTER CONTENTS É THE IMPORTANCE OF THE RIGHT LAWS AND POLICIES TO THE CAPITALIST SYSTEM IN A CIVIL SOCIETY

É WHEN THE GOVERNMENT DOES GET INVOLVED:

- ó "PUBLIC GOODS"
- ó **REGULATION**
- ó WELFARE PROGRAMS = "SAFETY NETS"

AMERICAN CAPITALISM
CHAPTER CONTENTS
É GOVERNMENT INVOLVEMENT:
6 EFFORTS TO PROMOTE GROWTH AND
STABILITY

É HOW TO MANAGE AND AVOID NEGATIVE "EXTERNALITIES"



AMERICAN CAPITALISM LAWS AND POLICIES HOW OUR FREEDOMS ARE PROTECTED



THE GOVERNMENT PROTECTS OUR ECONOMIC FREEDOMS THROUGH THE RULE OF LAW > 3 FACTS ABOUT THIS:

- É PROTECTING PERSONAL LIBERTIES IS CRITICAL TO PROMOTING INCENTIVE, COMPETITION AND PROFIT
- É PROTECTING PROPERTY RIGHTS > IS CRITICAL TO PROMOTING EXCHANGES OF RESOURCES AND CREATING CAPITAL
- É ENSURING ENFORCEMENT SYSTEMS TO PROTECT THE LIBERTIES AND RIGHTS

WHAT IS THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN LAWS AND POLICIES ?

LAWS - A RULE, OR NORM,

ESTABLISHED BY AN AUTHORITY

OR SOCIETY PROTECT THE

"PUBLIC INTEREST"

WHAT IS THE ECONOMIC "PUBLIC INTEREST"?
THE COLLECTIVE NEEDS OF THE

THE COLLECTIVE NEEDS OF THE POPULATION THAT CAN NOT BE

AMERICAN CAPITALISM DIFFERENCE BETWEEN LAWS

Eminent domain > Noun. The right of a government to take private property for public use, usually with compensation for the owner.

Synonym Related Antonym

Seizure Confiscated

The city declared the property to be under eminent domain so that the new road could be built.

PROPERTY EXCHANGE SYSTEMS

EXAMPLES OF LAWS:

É LAWS TO PROMOTE COMPETITION >
SHERMAN / CLAYTON ANTI – TRUST
ACTS

É LAWS TO ENSURE PUBLIC HEALTH AND SAFETY > OSHA

É LAWS TO PROTECT CONSUMERS
"CAVEAT EMPTOR" LABELING

THESE ARE ALSO EXAMPLES OF

"TRADE OFFS" > REGULATION FOR SOME

PROTECTION IN THE PUBLIC'S INTEREST

POLICY - A COURSE OF ACTION, GUIDING PRINCIPLES, OR PROCEDURES CONSIDERATIONS REGARDING POLICIES:

- É EVERY POLICY HAS 2 ASPECTS TO IT:
 - 6 ENDS WHAT DECISION MAKERS

 ARE ATTEMPTING TO ACHIEVE > EX;

 IMPROVING NATIONAL SECURITY
 - 6 MEANS WAYS BY WHICH THE
 DESIRED ENDS ARE TO BE ACHIEVED
 > EX; CREATING THE DEPT.
 - OF HOMELAND SECURITY

CONSIDERATIONS REGARDING POLICIES:

Adverse > Adjective . Opposed , contrary to one's interests or welfare .

<u>Synonym</u> <u>Related</u> <u>Antonym</u>

Opposed Contrary Favorable

Antagonistic Counter Positive

Hostile Supportive

The decision had an adverse effect to what was intended which hurt growth.

TWO ADDITIONAL POLICY EXAMPLES:

Discretionary > Adjective . Left to judgment .

<u>Synonym</u> <u>Related</u> <u>Antonym</u>

Optional Choice Required

Elective Mandatory

She used discretion in making the decision.

PULICY MAKING IS VERY IMPURIANT TO THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH OF GOVERNMENT AS IT DETERMINES HOW DISCREATIONARY
TAX MONEY GETS SPENT

AMERICAN CAPITALISM WHAT IS THE ROLE OF ECONOMIC THEORIES IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF LAWS AND POLICIES ? > 2 POINTS: ÉTHEY ARE USED IN AN ATTEMPT TO EXPLAIN (IMPOSE ORDER ON) EVENTS AND OBSERVATIONS, USUALLY IN RE-LATION TO STATEMENTS / QUESTIONS ÉA THEORY PROVEN TO BE CORRECT HAS THE GREAT VALUE THAT IT HELPS US TO PREDICT IN ADVANCE THE CONSEQUENCES OF VARIOUS ACTIONS

AS A CITIZEN, TO HOLD YOUR PEERS
AND GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABLE FOR
THE RIGHT LAWS AND POLICIES YOU
MUST UNDERSTAND TWO IMPORTANT
POINTS ABOUT THE TYPES OF THEORIES
/ STATEMENTS THAT WILL BE USED AND
WHAT YOU MUST DO WITH THEM:

É FIRST, YOU MUST BE ABLE TO
DISTINGUISH BETWEEN THE TYPES OF
THEORIES / STATEMENTS USED:

ó POSITIVE - STATEMENTS THAT ARE ...

AMERICAN CAPITALISM TWO IMPORTANT POINTS ABOUT THE TYPES OF THEORIES / STATEMENTS:

AN EXAMPLE, WHICH IS THE POSITIVE AND WHICH IS THE NORMATIVE?

"IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO BREAK UP ATOMS"

"SCIENTISTS OUGHT NOT TO BREAK UP ATOMS"

TWO IMPORTANT POINTS ABOUT THE TYPES OF THEORIES / STATEMENTS:

ÉSECOND, YOU MUST BE ABLE TO TURN NORMATIVE STATEMENTS INTO SOME - THING USEFUL FOR STUDY > FOR EXAMPLE:

"ITS TRUE IN THEORY, BUT NOT IN PRACTICE"

"ALL RIGHT THEN, TELL ME ABOUT WHAT DOES HAPPEN IN PRACTICE"

AMERICAN CAPITALISM TWO IMPORTANT POINTS ABOUT THE TYPES OF THEORIES / STATEMENTS: TURNING NORMATIVE STATEMENTS INTO SOMETHING USEFUL FOR STUDY > A REAL EXAMPLE:

"IT IS MY JUDGMENT THAT WE OUGHT TO HAVE RENT CONTROL BECAUSE CONTROLS ARE GOOD"

THE POSITIVE APPROACH SIMPLY ASKS, "
OK, WHY"?

AMERICAN CAPITALISM WHEN IT MAKES SENSE TO DEVIATE

Deviate > Verb . To turn away from a specified course , or mode of behavior .

Synonym Related Antonym

Change Alter Stay

Inconsistent Consistent

He deviated from his original plan.



WHEN DOES IT MAKES SENSE FOR OUR GOVERNMENT TO BE INVOLVED BEYOND ENFORCING THE RULE OF LAW?

THERE IS ONLY 1 RATIONAL REASON
THAT ADAM SMITH WOULD FIND
ACCEPTABLE:

THE CAPITALIST SYSTEM IS
NOT COMPLETELY SELF—
SUFFICIENT, AS THERE ARE
SOME NEEDS THAT CAN NOT BE MET

.... EVEN BY THE FREE MARKET > THE
GOVERNMENT CAN HELP US BE MORE
EFFICIENT AND SATISFY
THE NEEDS

WHAT NEEDS COULD THESE BE ??



EXAMPLES OF NEEDS THAT CAN NOT BE MET BY THE FREE MARKET:

É TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS
É NATIONAL DEFENSE
É EDUCATION
É PUBLIC SAFETY
É IMPORTANT
SCIENTIFIC WORK

ADAM SMITH SAID "LITTLE GOVERNMENT INTERVENTION" > THESE ARE GOOD EXAMPLES OF WHEN IT MAKES SENSE

AMERICAN CAPITALISM WHAT GOVERNMENT INVOLVEMENT SHOULD DEPEND ON:

- É OUR NEEDS, VALUES, PRIORITIES, AND ECONOMIC GOALS ARE AS A SOCIETY
- É THE TESTS OF EQUITY & EFFICIENCY:
 - 6 WILL IT BE EQUITABLE (EQUITY) –
 TREAT EVERYONE FAIRLY/
 REASONABLY?
 - 6 WILL IT BE EFFICIENT AND COST EFFECTIVE > PRODUCE AN OUTCOME THAT WILL CORRECT A PROBLEM, OR PROVIDE A BENEFIT, AT

AMERICAN CAPITALISM WHAT GOVERNMENT INVOLVEMENT SHOULD DEPEND ON: ÉTHE TESTS OF EQUITY & EFFICIENCY: ó LOWER COST THAN NOT GETTING INVOLVED, AND NOT UPSET EQUITY BRIDGE EXAMPLE : INCREASED TAX REVENUE (SALES AND INCOME) FROM ECONOMIC EXPANSION = ALLOWS FORPOSSIBLE SOCIAL BENEFITS COST TO TAXPAYERS

AMERICAN CAPITALISM THE GOVERNMENT INVOLVEMENT TAKES MANY FORMS > HERE ARE SIX: É PUBLIC GOODS - GOODS AND SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE GOVERNMENT AND AVAILABLE TO EVERYONE

6 4 CHARACTERISTICS: ÉTHEY ARE PAID FOR THROUGH TAXES

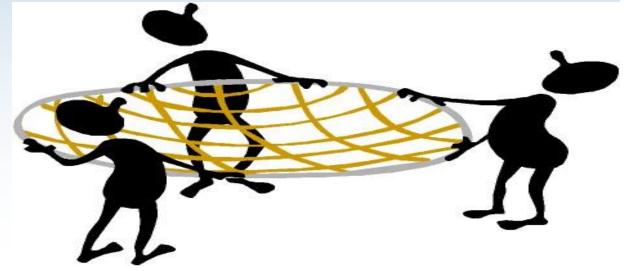


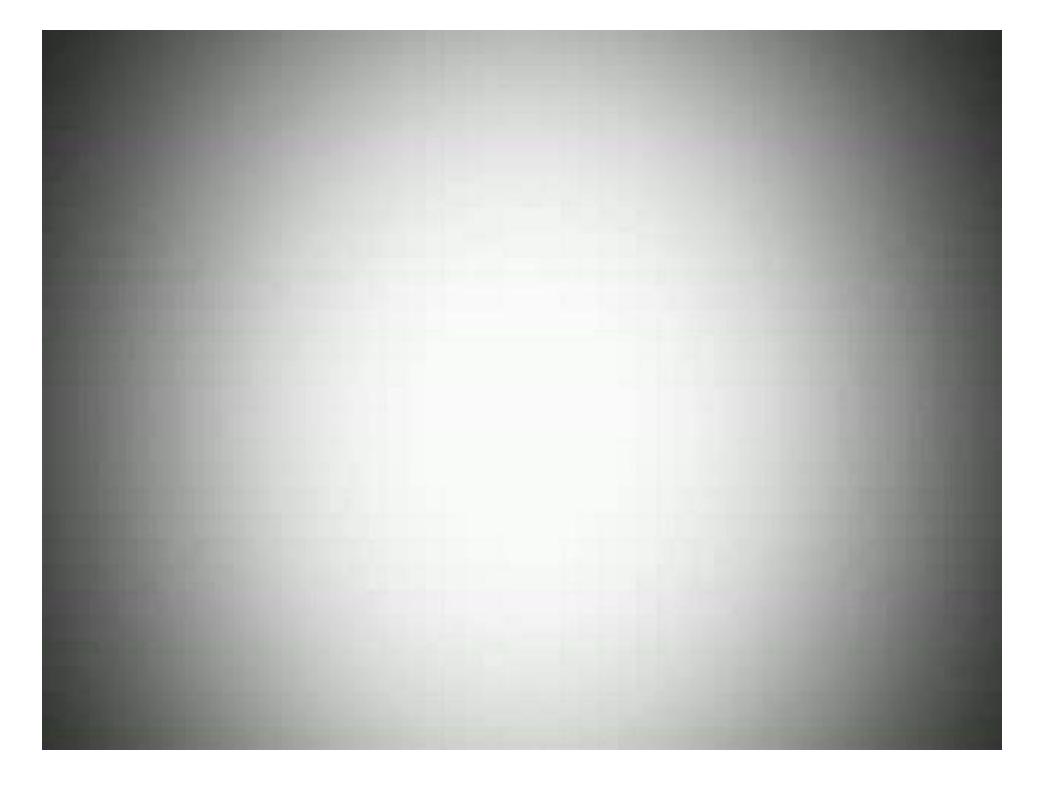




AMERICAN CAPITALISM THE GOVERNMENT INVOLVEMENT TAKES MANY FORMS > HERE ARE SIX : É PUBLIC GOODS > CONT . : ó 4 CHARACTERISTICS > CONT.: ÉTHEY ARE SHARED GOODS AND SERVICES > DAMS AS AN EXAMPLE ÉANY NUMBER OF CONSUMERS CAN USE THEM USUALLY WITHOUT REDUCING THE BENEFITS TO ANY SINGLE CONSUMER ÉINCREASING THE NUMBER OF

AMERICAN CAPITALISM THE GOVERNMENT INVOLVEMENT TAKES MANY FORMS > HERE ARE SIX: É WELFARE PROGRAMS (ALSO KNOWN AS " SAFETY NETS ") - GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE HAVING THE OBJECTIVE OF REDUCING THE NUMBER OF PEOPLE LIVING BELOW THE POVERTY THRESHOLD



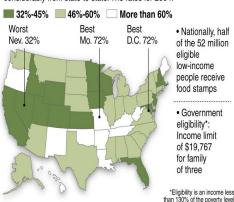


WELFARE PROGRAMS > 5 EXAMPLES:

É SOCIAL SECURITY
É UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE
É WORKER'S COMPENSATION
AND DISABILITY

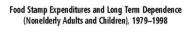
Who's getting food stamps

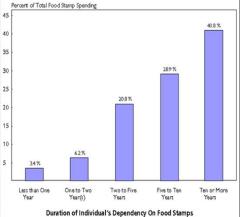
The percent of eligible poor Americans getting food stamps varies considerably from state to state. The rates for 2004:



Source: National Priorities Project Graphic: Judy Treible, Tim Goheen

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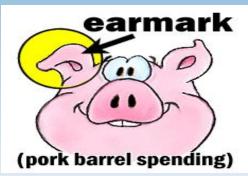




THE GOVERNMENT INVOLVEMENT
TAKES MANY FORMS > HERE ARE SIX:

É EARMARKS - LEGISLATION THAT PROVIDES MONEY FOR A FAVORED

PROJECT OR INDUSTRY >
KNOWN AS " PORK BARREL"
LEGISLATION > 3 PROBLEMS:





AMERICAN CAPITALISM THE GOVERNMENT INVOLVEMENT TAKES MANY FORMS > HERE ARE SIX: É PRICE CEILINGS DETAILS IN É PRICE FLOORS CHAPTER # 7



DUE TO GOVERNMENT INVOLVEMENT OUR VERSION OF THE FREE MARKET SYSTEM IS MADE UP OF 2 MAJOR PARTS:

ÉTHE PRIVATE SECTOR - THE PORTION OF THE ECONOMY THAT INVOLVES TRANSACTIONS OF INDIVIDUALS AND BUSINESSES

É THE PUBLIC SECTOR - THE PORTION OF THE ECONOMY THAT INVOLVES THE TRANSACTIONS OF THE GOVERNMENT

AMERICAN CAPITALISM MANAGING THE GENERAL SIDE EFFECTS OF CAPITALISM AND GOVERNMENT INTERVENTION



AMERICAN CAPITALISM OUR ECONOMIC SYSTEM NATURALLY PRODUCES SOME EXTERNALITIES A SIDE EFFECT FROM THE PRODUCTION OF A GOOD OR SERVICE, OR ECONOMIC INTERVENTION, THAT GENERATES BEN-EFITS (POSITIVE) OR COSTS (NEGATIVE UNINTENDED CONSEQUENCES / MARKET FAILURE) TO SOMEONE OTHER THAN THE PRODUCER OR DIRECT CONSUMER

HOWEVER, ANY GOVERNMENT
INVOLVEMENT IN THE ECONOMY WILL
ALWAYS RESULT IN CREATING
EXTERNALITIES:

THE CHALLENGE IS TO MAKE
SURE THAT THE INVOLVEMENT
SATISFIES THE TESTS OF EQUITY,
AS WELL AS EFFICIENCY, AND IF
POSSIBLE, CREATES POSITIVE
EXTERNALITIES

LETS LOOK AT SOME EXAMPLES

AMERICAN CAPITALISM NEGATIVE EXTERNALITY EXAMPLES

INDUSTRIAL
PRODUCTION OF
GOODS POLLUTES A
WATERWAY

HAS A NEGATIVE
EFFECT ON THE
FISHING AND
RECREATION
INDUSTRIES



AMERICAN CAPITALISM NEGATIVE EXTERNALITY EXAMPLES:

REMEMBER THE
VIDEO STORY
ABOUT THE
TEXTILE
INDUSTRY?

THE NATURALLY
PRODUCED
EXTERNALITY WAS
BROWN LUNG
DISEASE





HOW CAN YOU SOLVE PROBLEMS
CAUSED BY NEGATIVE EXTERNALITIES ??
THERE ARE TWO OPTIONS TO CHOOSE
FROM:

É HAVE THE GOVERNMENT HANDLE IT GENERALLY THROUGH REGULATION
É LET THE PRIVATE MARKET HANDLE IT THROUGH NEGOTIATION



AMERICAN CAPITALISM GOVERNMENTS HANDLE EXTERNALITIES THROUGH REGULATION > LAWS DESIGNED TO FORCE ELIMINATION OF THE SIDE EFFECTS > 4 EXAMPLES: É OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY & HEALTH ACT É ENVIROMENTAL PROTECTION ACTS É PRODUCT SAFETY ACTS

É DISCLOSURE AND REPORTING ACTS









THE PRIVATE MARKET TRIES TO SOLVE PROBLEMS CAUSED BY EXTERNALITIES

THROUGH NEGOTIATION:

AMERICAN CAPITALISM THE PRIVATE MARKET SOLVES

Legitimate > Adjective . In accordance with law or established standards .

Synonym Lawful Related
Valid
Accepted

Antonym Illegitimate

His claim to ownership of the property was legitimate.

OPTIONS WORKED WITH THE TEXTILE INDUSTRY EXAMPLE



AMERICAN CAPITALISM RESOLVING THE TEXTILE INDUSTRY

EXTERNALITY:

É COMPANIES AND THE LABOR UNION STARTED WITH NEGOTIATIONS

É UNION FELT THEY HAD A
"BATNA" = TO SUE UNDER
THE OSHA TO COMPLETELY
ELIMINATE THE DISEASE

É THE UNION'S GOAL WAS ACCOMPLISHED, BUT THE INDUSTRY DISAPPEARED



Huguster Extendibles

Huguster Theorem

Commerce > Noun . The buying and selling of goods on a large scale .

<u>Synonym</u> <u>Related</u> <u>Antonym</u>

Trade Business Inaction

Traffic Contact

Rational government economic policies will encourage commerce.

TO PROMOTE

COMMERCE AND

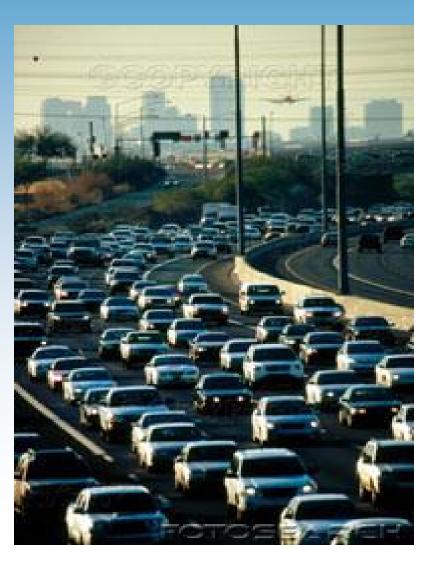
GROWTH



THE TRAGEDY IS THE NEGATIVE EXTERNALITY THAT RESULTS FROM

OVER USE:

COST OF TRAFFIC CONGESTION IRONICALLY LIMITS COMMERCE, GROWTH, AND HAS DESTROYED COMMUNITIES



AMERICAN CAPITALISM HOW DO YOU SOLVE THIS ? WHAT ARE THE OPTIONS ?

É BUILD MORE ROADS?

- ó COST IS HIGH WHICH MEANS THAT TAXES GO ↑
- 6 TAXES MIGHT NOT BE FAIR TO PEOPLE WHO DO NOT USE THE PUBLIC GOOD

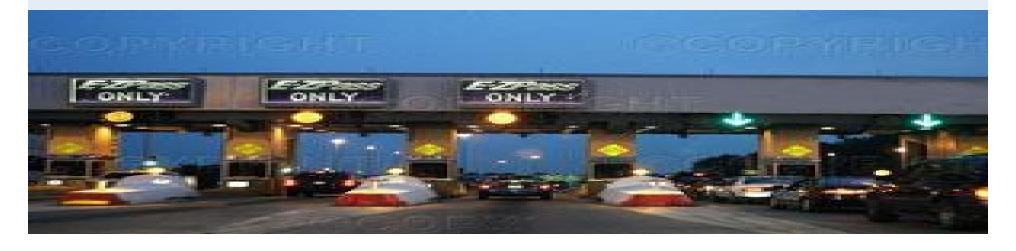


HOW DO YOU SOLVE THIS ? WHAT ARE THE OPTIONS ?

É PUT IN TOLLS ?

ó COST IS LOW

6 IT ELIMINATES THE FAIRNESS
PROBLEM BY HAVING PEOPLE PAY
FOR USEAGE > THIS IS STILL A TAX,
BUT IT MAKES THE CITIZEN



HOW DO YOU SOLVE THIS ? WHAT ARE THE OPTIONS ?

É PUT IN TOLLS ?

6..... INTERNALIZE (FORCES YOU TO NEGOTIATE WITH YOURSELF) THE SOLUTION TO THE EXTERNALITY

É REGULATE THE ROAD BY PUTTING IN

CAR POOL LANES ?



LEFT LANE
BUSES AND CAR POOLS
ONLY
6AM-9AM
MON-FRI



ONE VERY BIG CHALLENGE FOR OUR SOCIETY IS TO BE ABLE TO RATIONALLY MANAGE THE SIDE EFFECTS CAUSED BY THESE GOVERNMENT INTERVENTIONS:

É SOCIAL SECURITY

É HEALTH CARE > MEDICARE

É UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

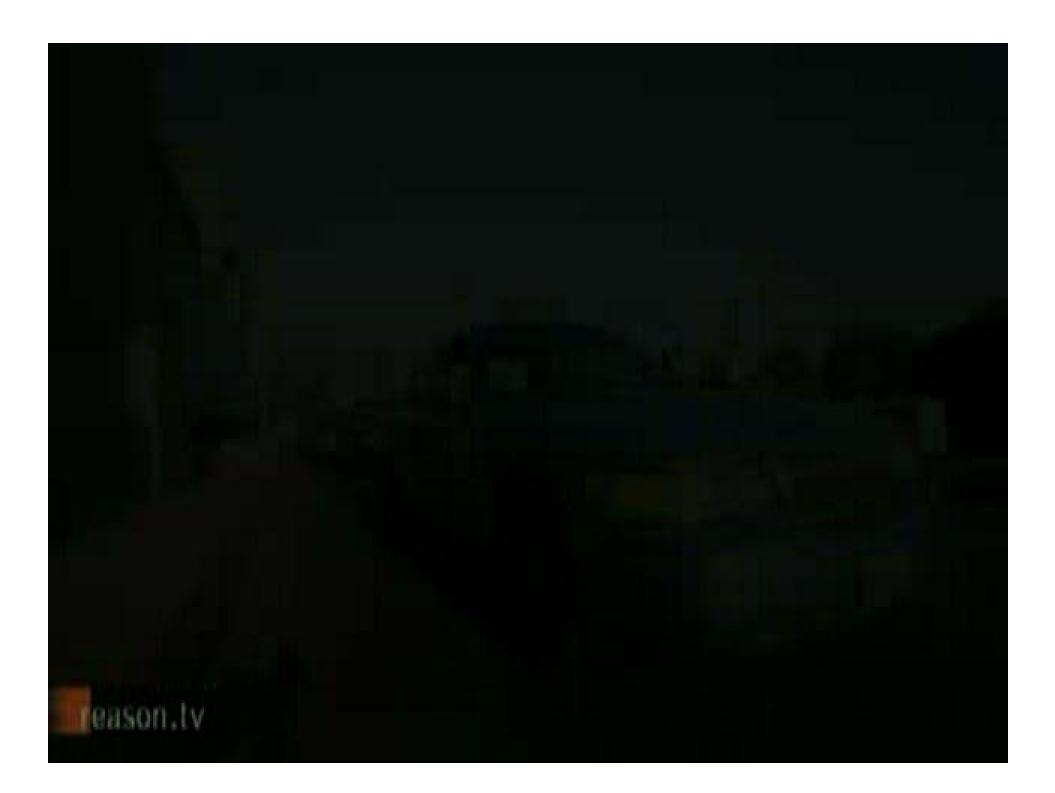
É *EARMARKS*

É DISASTER RELIEF

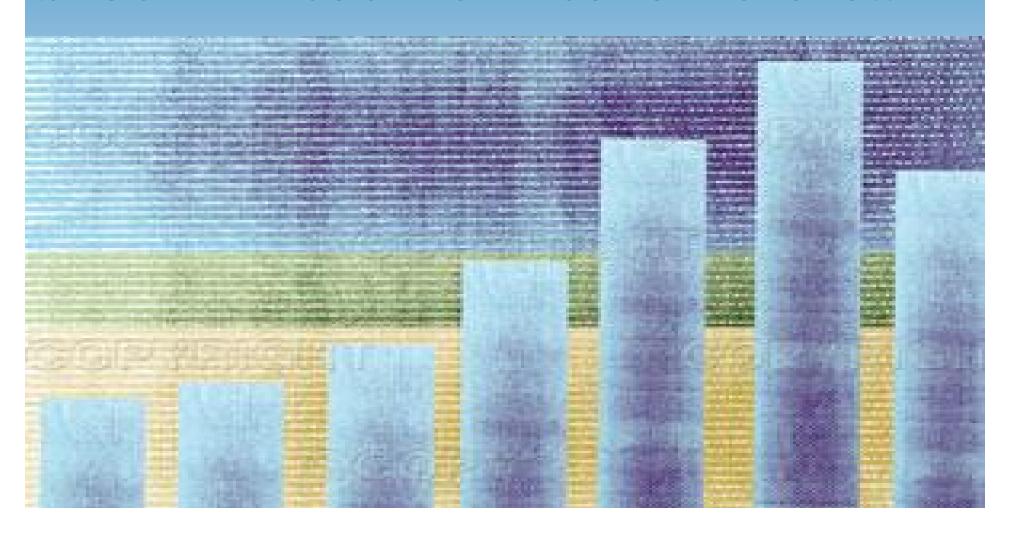
É CORPORATE / HOMEOWNER BAILOUTS

É ENVIRONMENT & SAFETY PROTECTION





AMERICAN CAPITALISM HOW THE GOVERNMENT SHOULD ENCOURAGE ECONOMIC GROWTH



FOUR WAYS THAT THE GOVERNMENT SHOULD ENCOURAGE GROWTH AND STABILITY:

É COUNTERACT, THORUGH EDUCATION AND POLICY, THE ANTI-CAPITALIST ATTITUDE THAT RISES PERIODICALLY

É MEASURIFOALLA ACTHONST CRUSINIES JESTS OF EQUITE DAMO WIFFICHENEYNO

É PROMOTE TECONOMIOIST CITIZENSHIP THROUGH CIVIC PARTICIPATION



FOUR WAYS THAT THE GOVERNMENT SHOULD ENCOURAGE GROWTH AND STABILITY:

É CONTINUE TO MAKE STRATEGIC INVESTMENTS TO ENCOURAGE INNOVATION > EXAMPLES ; LAND GRANT COLLEGES AND NASA



SUMMARY

É WHAT IS THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE PUBLIC AND PRIVATE SECTORS?

É WHAT TYPE OF LAWS PROTECT OUR

ECONOMIC FREEDOMS?

É WHAT DO WE MEAN BY
THE "PUBLIC INTEREST"?

É WHAT IS THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN A LAW AND A POLICY?

SUMMARY

É PROVIDE SOME EXAMPLES OF POLICY ACTIONS

É PROVIDE AN EXAMPLE OF POSITIVE &

NEGATIVE EXTERNALITIES

É PROVIDE SOME EXAMPLES
OF HOW THE GOVERNMENT
PROMOTES AND MONITORS
ECONOMIC STABILITY AND
GROWTH?



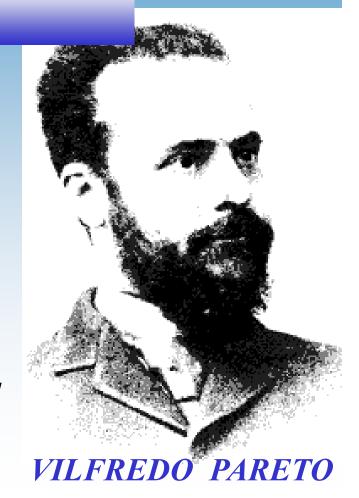
A CLOSER LOOK AT THE TESTS OF EQUITY AND EFFICIENCY



WHY IT IS SOMETIMES DIFFICULT TO CLEARLY DETERMINE THE RESULTS OF EQUITY AND EFFICIENCY TESTS

IT IS THE FAULT OF THIS MAN!!

ALTHOUGH BEING A FREE MARKET ECONOMIST, MANY PEOPLE SAY HIS THEORIES HELPED PUSH OPEN THE DOOR FOR THE SOCIALISTS!!



UNFORTUNATELY PARETO MADE EVALUATING EQUITY AND EFFICIECY

MORE DIFFICULT FOR US

PARETO INEFFICIENCY:

AN ECONOMIC SYSTEM, OR PUBLIC POLICY, IS CONSID-

ERED INEFFICIENT IF RESOURCES CAN
BE REALLOCATED TO MAKE SOMEONE
"BETTER OFF", WITH NO OTHER
INDIVIDUAL BEING MADE WORSE OFF >
CAN THIS HAPPEN?? WHAT ABOUT
TRADE OFFS??

PARETO EFFICIENCY / OPTIMUM:

WHEN NO FURTHER "IMPROVEMENTS", OR CHANGES, CAN BE MADE WITHOUT CAUSING HARM

TWO PROBLEMS THAT HAVE ARISEN

WITH PARETO OPTIMALITY:

É IT HAS BECOME COMMON TO COMPENSATE PARTIES TO ACHIEVE PERCEIVED EFFICIENCY GOALS



É BROAD OPTIMALITY OBJECTIVES, ARE VERY DIFFICULT TO REACH

PARETO EXAMPLE > TAXES GOING TO HELP FUND WELFARE PROGRAMS:

É RATIONALE > IT IS IN THE PUBLIC'S
INTEREST TO HAVE A STABLE & PRODUCTIVE POPULATION / WORK FORCE
É FLAWS:

6 COMPENSATION > SIGNIFICANT
COSTS TO BUSINESSES
LEAD TO OFFSETTING

TAX BREAKS

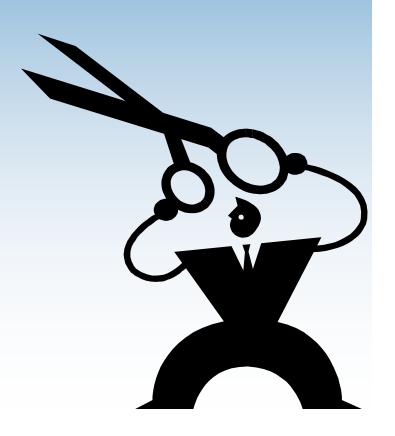
ó BROAD OBJECTIVE OF THE COLLECTIVE WELFARE

PARETO EXAMPLE > TAXES GOING TO HELP FUND WELFARE PROGRAMS: É FLAWS:

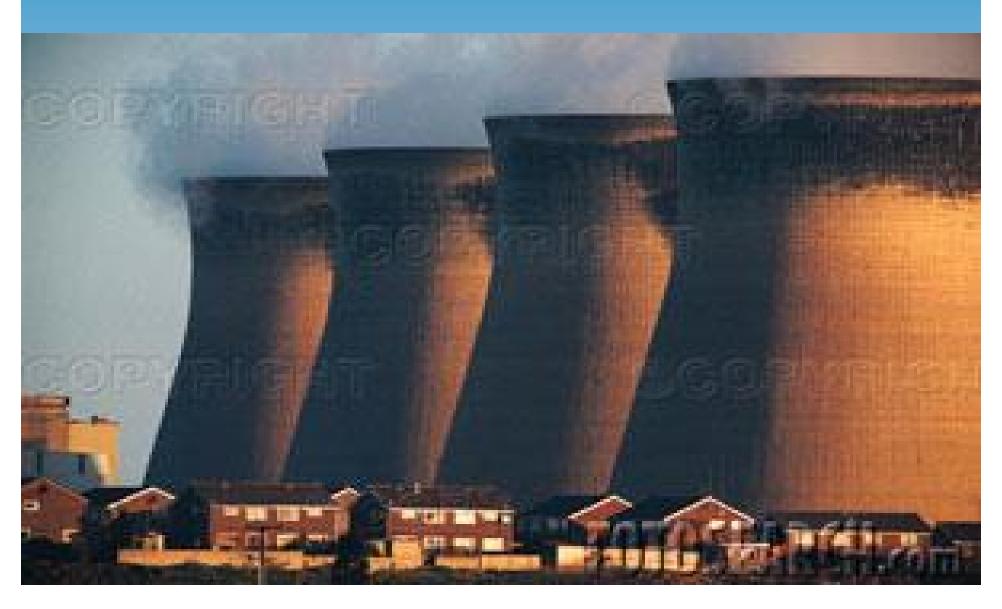
6... SYSTEM IS IMPOSSIBLE TO REACH WITHOUT CREATING SIGNIFICANT PROBLEMS > SOME EXAMPLES : ÉSTIFLES GROWTH AND PROMOTES ILLEGAL IMMIGRATION ÉLACK OF COMPETITION PROMOTES WASTE & WASTE PROMOTES RISING COSTS = INABILITY TO AFFORDÉIMPOSSIBLE TO IMPLEMENT GLOBALLY

SO THEN, WHAT WOULD BE THE PARETO OPTIMAL SOLUTION TO THE CURRENT WELFARE PROGRAM PROBLEM (PARTICULARLY THE SOCIAL SECURITY AND MEDICARE PROGRAMS)?

CUT COSTS / BENEFITS



A CLOSER LOOK AT EXTERNALITIES



EXTERNALITIES

PROBLEM

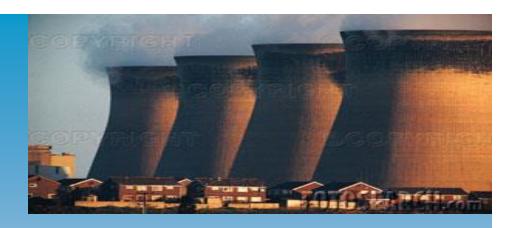


Assume that product X is produced in a perfectly competitive industry and that product X yields costs to individuals who are neither consumers nor producers of product X.

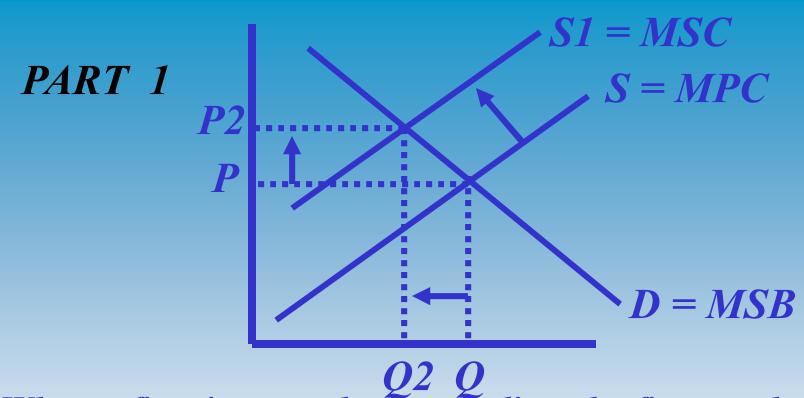
- (1) Using one correctly labeled graph, show the industry output and price under each of the following conditions:
 - (a) The industry ignores the externality.

EXTERNALITIES

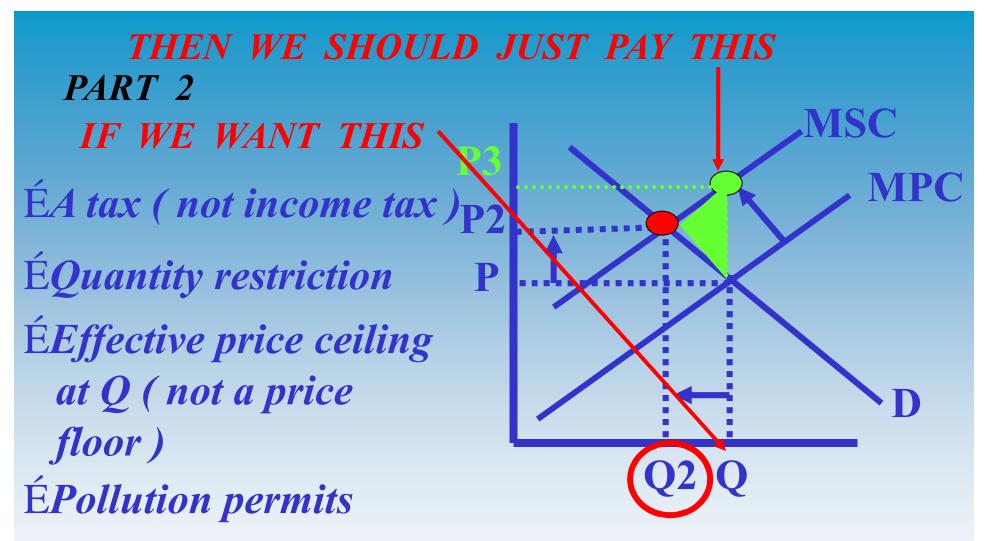
PROBLEM



- (b) The industry produces the socially optimum level of output.
- (2) Identify one policy the government might use to achieve the level of output you identified in (b)



When a firm ignores the externality, the firm produces where the MPC (marginal private costs) are equal to Demand (marginal social benefits). However, since there are added costs placed on these individuals, these additional costs are added to the private costs to give the MSC (marginal social costs), increasing the price and decreasing the socially optimal level of output to Q2.



EXTRA CREDIT - WHAT DOES THE FOLLOWING GREEN SHADED AREA OF THE GRAPH REPRESENT ??

DEAD WEIGHT COST TO SOCIETY !!!!