## National Greek Exams - Syllabus - Intermediate Attic Exam College and High School Students

## Material Listed in Beginning Attic Exam, plus the following:

## I. Forms

Adjectives: Third Declension; Positive, Comparative, Superlative Degrees

Comparatives and Superlatives of ἀγαθός, κακός, μέγας, πολύς, ῥάδιος, ὀλίγος, μικρός, ταχύς

Demonstratives οὖτος, ἐκεῖνος, ὅδε Intensive αὐτός

Compound μηδείς

Adverbs: Positive, Comparative, Superlative Degrees

μή

Comparatives and Superlatives formed from adjectives listed above

<u>Coordinating Conjunctions</u>: ἤ, ἤ . . . ἤ, οὔκουν

Nouns: Third Declension Particles: δήπου, ἄν

Pronouns: Relative: ὅς, ὅσπερ

<u>Subordinating Conjunctions</u>: see Syntax and Grammar - Subordinate Clauses below

<u>Verbs</u>: Regular verbs,  $\alpha$ ,  $\epsilon$ , o contract verbs

Tenses – Present, Imperfect, Future, Aorist

Subjunctive – Present, Aorist Imperative – Present, Aorist

Infinitives and Participles – Present, Future, Aorist

Irregular verbs: εἰμί, εἶμι, φημί, οἶδα

-μι verbs: δίδωμι, δείκνυμι

Word Formation: prefix: temporal augment

## II. Grammar and Syntax

<u>Agreement</u>: noun + participle; relative pronoun + antecedent

Case Usage:

Genitive: of the whole (= partitive genitive); time within which; of comparison; gentive absolute; with prepositions ἀντί, ἀπό, διά, ἐκ/ἐξ, ἐπί, μετά, περί, πρό, πρός, ὑπέρ, ὑπό

Dative: respect; possession; with prepositions ἐν, ἐπί, παρά, πρός, σύν/ξύν ὑπό

Accusative: subject of an infinitive; of duration; with prepositions ἀνά, διά, εἰς, ἐπί, κατά, μετά, παρά, περί, πρός, ὑπέρ, ὑπό

Sentence: exhortation

Subordinate Clause: Adjectival: relative clause (definite and indefinite)

Adverbial: purpose ( $\tilde{i}\nu\alpha$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\varsigma$ ,  $\ddot{o}\pi\omega\varsigma$  + subjunctive)

genitive absolute; causal (διότι, ἐπεί, ἐπειδή, ὁπότε, ὅτε, ὅτι, ὡς) temporal (ἐπεί, ἐπειδή, ἐπείδαν, ὁπότε, ὁποτάν, ὅτε, ὅταν, ὡς)

Noun: clause of fearing

indirect question (interrogatives-ὁπότερος, ὁπόσος, ὁπότε, ὅπου, ὅσος, ὅστις, ὅτε )

indirect statement (infinitive; participle;  $\delta \tau_1 / \omega_S + \text{indicative}$ )

Other:  $\dot{\omega}_{S}$  + superlative adverb/adjective;  $\ddot{\eta}$  + comparative