Name:					

A Totally Tourist Tour of Our Solar System

	The Terrestrial Planets (also known as the Rocky Planets or the Inner Planets)				The Jovian Planets (also known as the Gas Glants or the Outer Planets)			
	Mercury	Venus	Earth	Mars	Jupiter	Saturn	Uranus	Neptune
Origin of name								
Symbol used to represent planet Distance from						·		
sun (km) Distance from the sun (A.U.)								
Diameter of planet (km) Gravity (cm/s²)								
Density (g/cm³) Length of								
orbit (km) Length of 1 year on the planet (Earth days)								
Length of 1 day on the planet (Earth hours)								

Does it have a ring system?	Major surface features	Terrain	Temperature range (°C)	Does It have an atmosphere? If so, what is it composed or?	
					Mercury
					The Terrestrial Planets Venus Earth
					rial Planets Earth
					Mars
					Jupiter
					The Jovian
: :					n Planets Uranus
					Neptune

	The Terrestrial Planets				The Jovian Planets				
	Mercury	Venus	Earth	Mars	Jupiter	Saturn	Uranus	Neptune	
Number of moons (to date)	And the state of t				The manufacture will be a second property of the second property of		Service Helicard II, paged spring		
Name of the									
moons .									
Other totally									
interesting information									
How long would it take to get there from Earth?									
Your age ("years") if you had been born there									
Your weight on the surface (lbs)									

Totally Tourist Tour of Our Solar System

Attention all space travelers, welcome aboard Spaceship Earth. We are currently traveling at our cruising speed of 108,000 km/h. Although our spaceship is relatively small, only 12,756 kilometers in diameter, it will be our only resource on this leg of our journey. In a few minutes you will travel thousands of virtual kilometers through our planetary neighborhood. Although the ride is long, you should experience no motion sickness. If you begin to feel a little queasy just turn your eyes away from the ships projection screen and focus on another instrument panel a few meters away.

Sit back, relax and enjoy the view. Don't forget to fill in your chart documenting your trip!

Some "fuel" to help get you started:

1. Tour of the Solar System

http://www.bbc.co.uk/science/space/solarsystem/

2. The Nine Planets:

http://nineplanets.org/

3. NASA Jet Propulsion Laboratory:

http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/solar-system/

4. Your Age on Other Planets

An earth day is about 24 hours long, and an earth year is about 365 days long. Days and years on other planets are different. Some planets have very long days or years, and some are very short.

http://www.exploratorium.edu/ronh/age/

5. Your Weight on Other Planets

If you jump up as hard as you can, gravity pulls you back down to the earth. If you were standing on another planet and jumped up, you might be able to jump higher, or maybe not as high.

How strong the pull feels depends on how big the planet is. On planets with more mass than earth, you would feel heavier, and on planets with less mass you'd feel lighter. (Mass just means the amount of "stuff" the planet is made of. http://www.exploratorium.edu/ronh/weight/

6. StarDate Online

http://stardate.org/resources/ssguide/planet_form.html