

Chapter 12 Section Z (1ST 3 subheadings)

1. What law, passed by Congress in 1830, required Native Americans to move west?
2. By gaining literacy, the ability to read and write, what did Sequoya hope to preserve for his people?
3. Besides becoming citizens of the U.S. what else did Jackson say Native Americans could do?
4. The Cherokees drew up a code of laws based on what?
5. Besides Native Americans moving off the land, what else did many whites say they could do?
6. Who invented a writing system for the Cherokee language?
7. Because of adopting the white man's ways, what were the Cherokee, Chickasaw, Choctaw, Creek, and Seminole called?
8. Where had Jackson supported a policy of moving Native Americans?
9. After the discovery of what did whites begin to move onto Cherokee land?
10. Where were the majority of Native Americans located by the 1820s?

Chapter 12 Section 2
(1st 3 subheadings)

D 1. Indian Removal Act

J 2. independence

A 3. move into the Western territories

H 4. U.S. Constitution

C 5. adapt the white's lifestyle

F 6. Sequoya

I 7. the Five Civilized Tribes

B 8. west of the Mississippi River

G 9. gold

E 10. Southeast