

Completing the square when $a \neq 1$

$$\frac{3x^2}{3} - \frac{11x}{3} - \frac{4}{3} = \frac{0}{3}$$

Step 1. Divide off coefficient
from all terms

$$x^2 - \frac{11}{3}x - \frac{4}{3} = 0$$

Step 2 continue steps half
of x-term, square,
add to both sides

$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{11}{3}$$

$$\frac{11}{6}$$

$$x^2 - \frac{11}{3}x + \left(\frac{11}{6}\right)^2 = \frac{4}{3} + \left(\frac{11}{6}\right)^2$$

$$\left(x - \frac{11}{6}\right)^2 = \frac{124}{36} + \frac{121}{36}$$

$$\left(x - \frac{11}{6}\right)^2 = \frac{48}{36} + \frac{121}{36}$$

$$\sqrt{\left(x - \frac{11}{6}\right)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{169}{36}}$$

$$x - \frac{11}{6} = \pm \frac{13}{6}$$

$$x - \frac{11}{6} = \frac{13}{6}$$

$$+\frac{11}{6}$$

$$+\frac{11}{6}$$

$$x - \frac{11}{6} = -\frac{13}{6}$$

$$+\frac{11}{6}$$

$$+\frac{11}{6}$$

$$x = \frac{24}{6} = 4$$

$$x = -\frac{2}{6}$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{3}$$

Step 4 Solve for x

$$x - \frac{11}{6} = \pm \frac{13}{6}$$

$$x = \frac{-11}{6} + \frac{13}{6} \text{ or } x = \frac{-11}{6} - \frac{13}{6}$$

$$x = \frac{2}{6} \text{ or } \frac{1}{3} \qquad x = \frac{-24}{6} \text{ or } -4$$

See example 5 in textbook

Do 5A and 5B in textbook and turn in
on this paper TODAY

HW:

$$34. \quad \frac{2x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{2} - \frac{3}{2} = \frac{0}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot b \quad x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{3}{2} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \quad x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \quad x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{3}{2} + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2$$

$$\left(x + \frac{1}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{16} + \frac{24}{16}$$

$$\sqrt{\left(x + \frac{1}{4}\right)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{25}{16}}$$

$$x + \frac{1}{4} = \pm \frac{5}{4}$$

$$x + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{5}{4}$$

$$x = 1$$

$$x + \frac{1}{4} = -\frac{5}{4}$$

$$x = -\frac{6}{4} \text{ OR } -\frac{3}{2}$$