Reflexive Verbs: Part I

A verb is reflexive when the subject and the object are the same.

I wash myself.

subject: I verb: wash object: myself

Since the subject and object are the same, the verb is reflexive.

I wash the car.

subject: I verb: wash object: car

Since the subject and object are different, the verb is not reflexive.

Here's another example of how a verb can be either reflexive or non-reflexive.

I scratch myself.

subject: I verb: scratch object: myself

Since the subject and object are the same, the verb is reflexive.

I scratch the dog.

subject: I verb: scratch object: dog

Since the subject and object are different, the verb is not reflexive.

When a verb is reflexive, the infinitive ends in "se."

lavar	to wash (non-reflexive)
lavarse	to wash oneself (reflexive)
rascar	to scratch (non-reflexive)
rascarse	to scratch oneself (reflexive)

There is one reflexive verb you have been using since you began studying Spanish.

llamarse - to call oneself

NOTE: A more "natural" translation would be "What is your name?" and "My name is Juan."



lavar

yo lavo tú lavas él, ella, usted lava nosotros/as lavamos vosotros/as laváis ellos, ellas, ustedes lavan

To learn to conjugate reflexive verbs, you need to learn a different set of pronouns called "reflexive pronouns." These pronouns are positioned before the verb, while the ending "se" is dropped and the verb is conjugated normally.

lavarse

yo me lavo	I wash (myself)
tú te lavas	you wash (yourself) (informal)
él se lava	he washes (himself)
ella se lava	she washes (herself)
usted se lava	you wash (yourself) (formal)
nosotros nos lavamos	we wash (ourselves)
nosotras nos lavamos	we wash (ourselves) (feminine)
vosotros os laváis	you-all wash (yourselves) (informal)
vosotras os laváis	you-all wash (yourselves) (informal, feminine)
ustedes se lavan	you-all wash (yourselves)(formal)
ellos se lavan	they wash (themselves)
ellas se lavan	they wash (themselves) (feminine)

The reflexive pronouns are not subject pronouns; rather they are object pronouns.

me	(myself)
te	(yourself)
se	(himself, herself, yourself
nos	(ourselves)
OS	(yourselves)
se	(themselves, yourselves)

The purpose of the reflexive object pronouns is to show that the action of the verb remains with the subject.

Juan se lava la cara	Juan washe	s his face.	(reflexive)
Juan lava su carro. (non-reflexive)	Juan washe	s his car.	

NOTE: When referring to body parts, use the definite article, thus "la cara" not "su cara."

Copyright @ 1997-2005 Spanish Learning Resources — All Rights Reserved. This page may be reproduced for non-profit educational purposes, provided it is reproduced in its entirety.

Note that many, many verbs can be made reflexive. All it means when a verb is reflexive is that the action remains with the subject.

wash the dog (non-reflexive) wash your face (reflexive)

raise the book (non-reflexive) raise your arm (reflexive)

put the baby to bed (non-reflexive) go to bed (reflexive)

wake up your son (non-reflexive) wake up yourself (reflexive)

...and so on

Now add a flashcard for reflexive verbs:

Verb Flashcards

38. lavarse to wash oneself

yo me lavo tú te lavas él se lava ella se lava usted se lava nosotros nos lavamos nosotras nos lavamos vosotros os laváis vosotras os laváis ustedes se lavan ellos se lavan

