

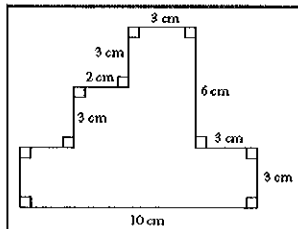
Questions 1-2. Find the Circumference and Area of the circle. Round your answer to the nearest tenth if necessary.

A circle with a center point. A line segment extends from the center to the circumference, labeled "5 units".

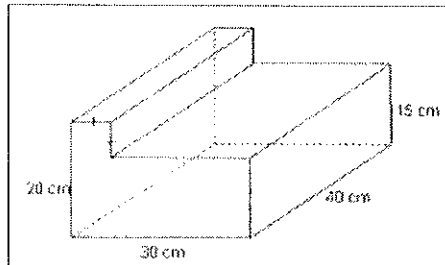
3. The circumference of a circle is 10 yards. What is the diameter?

a. Find the surface area

6. Find the area of the composite shape.

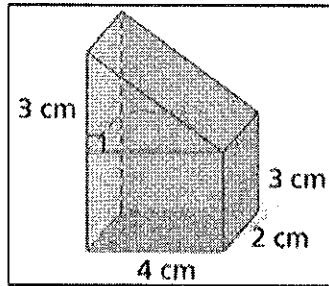


9.



- a. Find the surface area.
- b. Find the volume.

10.



- a. Find the surface area.
- b. Find the volume.

Answers:

1. Circumference: 31.4 units
Area 78.5 square units
2. Circumference 37.7 m
Area $113.0 m^2$
3. $d \approx 3.2 yd$
4. $SA = 129 in^2$
 $V = 135 in^3$
5. $SA = 401.9 in^2$
 $V = 602.9 in^3$
6. $34 cm^2$
7. $216 cm^2$
8. Acceptable answers are between 12.5 and 14 square units
9.
 - a. $4650 cm^2$
 - b. $C = 19000 cm^3$
10.
 - a. $72 cm^2$
 - b. $36 cm^3$

$$1. C = 2\pi r$$

$$= 2(3.14)(5)$$

$$31.4 \text{ units}$$

$$A = \pi r^2$$

$$= 3.14(5)^2$$

$$78.5 \text{ units}^2$$

$$2. C = \pi d$$

$$3.14(12)$$

$$37.68$$

$$37.7 \text{ m}$$

$$A = \pi r^2$$

$$3.14(6)^2$$

$$(3.14)(36)$$

$$113.04$$

$$113.0 \text{ m}^2$$

$$3. C = \pi d$$

$$10 = 3.14d$$

$$3.18 = d$$

$$d \approx 3.2 \text{ yd}$$

$$4. SA = Ph + 2B$$

$$28(3) + 2(9)(5)$$

$$84 + 45$$

$$129 \text{ in}^2$$

$$V = Bh$$

$$9.5 \cdot 3$$

$$45 \cdot 3$$

$$135 \text{ in}^3$$

challenge

$$5. SA = Ph + 2B$$

$$(\pi d)h + 2(\pi r^2)$$

$$3.14 \cdot 8 \cdot 12 + 2(3.14 \cdot 4^2)$$

$$301.44 + 100.48$$

$$401.92$$

$$401.9 \text{ in}^2$$

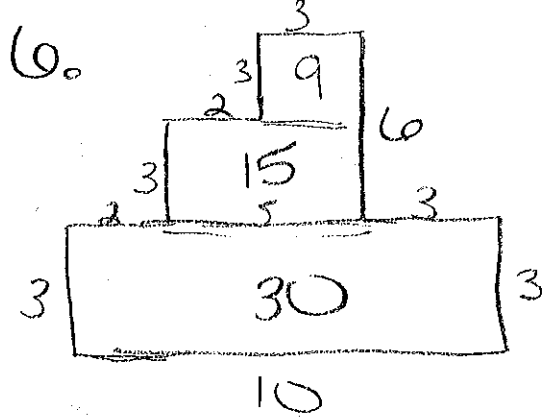
$$V = Bh$$

$$\pi r^2 \cdot h$$

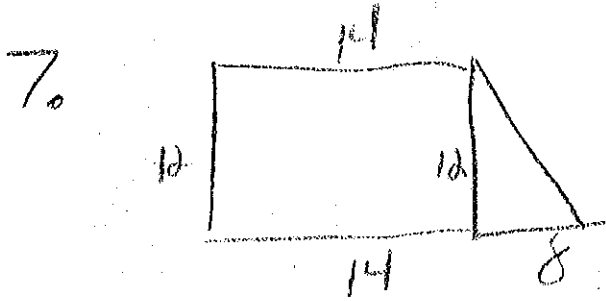
$$3.14(10)^2 \cdot 12$$

$$602.88$$

$$602.9 \text{ in}^3$$



$$10 + 15 + 9 = 34 \text{ cm}^2$$



$$12 \times 14 = 168$$

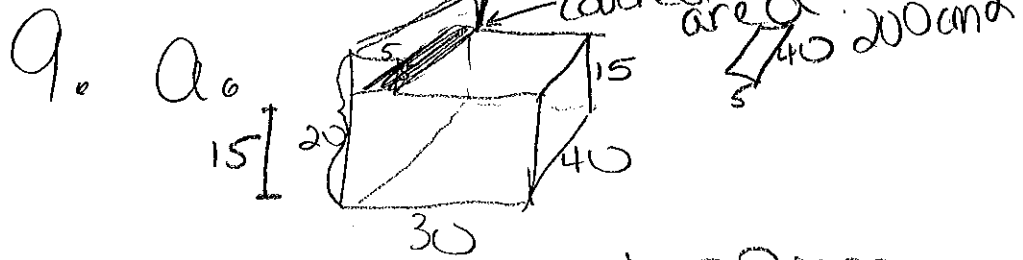
$$\frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot 12 \cdot 8$$

$$48$$

$$216 \text{ cm}^2$$

8. acceptable
answers between
12.5 and 14 units²



large rectangular Prism

$$SA = Ph + 2B$$

$$(40 + 40 + 30 + 30)$$

$$120(15) + 2(40 \times 30)$$

$$1800 + 2400$$

$$4200 - 200 \text{ cm}^2$$

small rect prism
Ph + 2B

$$90 \cdot 5 + 2(5 \cdot 40)$$

$$450 + (400)$$

$$850 - 200 \text{ cm}^2$$

Remember to subtract covered area

$$\begin{array}{r} 4000 + 650 \\ \hline 4650 \text{ cm}^2 \end{array}$$

b. $V = Bh$

large

$$(30)(40)(15)$$

$$18000 + 1000$$

$$19000 \text{ cm}^3$$

small

$$(5)(5)(40)$$

10. a. rect. prism.

$$SA = Ph + 2B$$

$$12(3) + 2(8)$$

$$36 + 16$$

$$52$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 52 \\ - 8 \\ \hline 44 \end{array}$$

$$72 \text{ cm}^2$$

triang. prism.

$$Ph + 2B$$

$$12(2) + 2\left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot 4 \cdot 3\right)$$

$$24 + 12$$

$$36$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 36 \\ - 8 \\ \hline 28 \end{array}$$

$$V = Bh$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 2$$

$$12$$

Covered Area

$$4 \times 2$$

$$8$$

b. $V = Bh$

$$8 \cdot 3$$

$$24$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 24 + 12 \\ \hline 36 \text{ cm}^3 \end{array}$$