

Module 9 Quiz Review

Complete all work on a separate sheet of paper.

No calculators!!!

Answer Key

<p>1. Squares you should know by heart:</p> $0^2 = 0$ $1^2 = 1$ $2^2 = 4$ $3^2 = 9$ $4^2 = 16$ $5^2 = 25$ $6^2 = 36$ $7^2 = 49$ $8^2 = 64$ $9^2 = 81$ $10^2 = 100$ $11^2 = 121$ $12^2 = 144$ $13^2 = 169$	<p>2. Cubes you should know by heart:</p> $0^3 = 0$ $1^3 = 1$ $2^3 = 8$ $3^3 = 27$ $4^3 = 64$ $5^3 = 125$ $6^3 = 216$ $7^3 = 343$ $8^3 = 512$ $9^3 = 729$ $10^3 = 1000$	<p>3. Square roots you should know by heart:</p> $\sqrt{0} = 0$ $\sqrt{1} = 1$ $\sqrt{4} = 2$ $\sqrt{9} = 3$ $\sqrt{16} = 4$ $\sqrt{25} = 5$ $\sqrt{36} = 6$ $\sqrt{49} = 7$ $\sqrt{64} = 8$ $\sqrt{81} = 9$ $\sqrt{100} = 10$ $\sqrt{121} = 11$ $\sqrt{144} = 12$ $\sqrt{169} = 13$	<p>4. Cubic roots you should know by heart:</p> $\sqrt[3]{0} = 0$ $\sqrt[3]{1} = 1$ $\sqrt[3]{8} = 2$ $\sqrt[3]{64} = 4$ $\sqrt[3]{125} = 5$ $\sqrt[3]{216} = 6$ $\sqrt[3]{1000} = 10$
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Write the fraction as a decimal

5. $\frac{5}{9} = .\overline{5}$

6. $1\frac{3}{8} = 1.375$

Write the decimal as a fraction in simplest form.

7. $0.25 = \frac{1}{4}$

8. $1.287 = 1\frac{287}{1000}$

9. $1.333333 \dots = 1\frac{1}{3}$

10. $0.4\overline{5} = \frac{5}{11}$

11. $2.85 = 2\frac{17}{20}$

Simplify.

12. $\sqrt{\frac{49}{4}} = \frac{7}{2}$

13. $\sqrt{\frac{400}{36}} = \frac{20}{6}$

Estimate the square roots to the nearest hundredth.

14. $\sqrt{17} \approx 4.15$

15. $\sqrt{57} \approx 7.55$

Solve for x.

16. $x^2 = 64 \Rightarrow \pm 8$

17. $x^2 = 144 \Rightarrow \pm 12$

18. $x^3 = 125$ $x=5$

Identify the set of numbers that each number belongs to.

19. 0 *real, rational, whole, integer*

20. $-\frac{1}{5}$ *real, rational*

21. $\sqrt{2}$ *real, irrational*

22. -1 *real, rational, integer*

23. The number of books on a shelf *real, rational, integer, whole* *best answer.*

24. The outdoor temperature. *real, irrational, rational, integer, whole* *best answer.*

True or false.

25. All rational numbers are positive *false (integers can be negative)*

26. All integers are whole numbers *false (but all whole numbers are integers)*

27. All irrational numbers are real numbers *true*

28. If you add two rational numbers, the result will be rational *true*

29. If you multiply two irrational numbers, the result will be irrational *false; sometimes it will be irrational.*

30. If you subtract two whole numbers, you will always get another whole number *false; sometimes you will get an integer that is not whole.*

Order the sets from least to greatest.

31. $2.15, 2\frac{1}{3}, \sqrt{3}, \pi - 1$

32. $\sqrt{4}, \sqrt{2}, \sqrt{36}, \sqrt{1}$

31. $\sqrt{3}, \pi - 1, 2.15, 2\frac{1}{3}$

32. $\sqrt{1}, \sqrt{2}, \sqrt{4}, \sqrt{36}$

example:

$10 - 20 = -10$ $\pi \cdot \frac{1}{\pi} = 1$

example: