

AP European History – ID List

Chambers Textbook Ch 30

942 - 947

The New Institutions

(Use this part to support the argument of nations working together in Western Europe – see list of nations making up Western Europe, cooperation, integration, i.e. economic cooperation, military cooperation, etc.)

1. Council of Europe 1949
2. Coal and Steel Community
3. Treaty of Rome 1957 and the creation of the European Economic Community (EEC) a/k/a Common Market
4. Single European Act 1986
5. Maastricht Treaty of 1992
6. Include reasons why some have opposed the EU.
7. Euros – what is it and when was it introduced
8. What requirements do states need to meet in order to join and stay in the EU?
9. Why did voters reject the constitution? p 951
10. Describe immigration to France and Britain.

The Politics of Prosperity p 953 – 955

11. 1968 student protests – p 953
12. Soviet action in Czechoslovakia in 1968 p 953 - 954
13. List two feminist books that became popular in Europe in the 1960's and 1970's and their authors. p 954
14. Eurocommunism p 955

Communist Rule: The Problem of Rigidity p 958 – 960

15. Nikita Khrushchev
16. Leonid Brezhnev – include his 1968's invasion of Czechoslovakia
17. Boris Pasternak's *Doctor Zhivago* and Alexander Solzhenitsyn's *Gulag Archipelago*
18. Mikhail Gorbachev: domestic and foreign policies:
 - a. *perestroika*
 - b. *glasnost*
 - c. war in Afghanistan
 - d. policy towards Eastern Europe
 - e. nationalist tension in Russia
19. Nicolae Ceausescu
20. Solidarity movement in Poland – include Lech Walesa

The End of an Era p 961 – 973. THIS LAST SECTION IS VERY IMPORTANT!

The Miracle of 1989:

21. How was Communism toppled in Poland in 1989? Include the role of the following: Solidarity movement, the pope, Gorbachev's reaction, elections, parliament
22. How did Communism end in Hungary in 1989?
23. How did Communism end in East Germany in 1989? Include the role of Erich Honecker, Gorbachev and Hungary.
24. How did Communism come to an end in Czechoslovakia in 1989? Include Vaclav Havel, Prague and Civic Forum.
25. How did Communism come to an end in Romania? Include Ceausescu, Bucharest, firing squad.
26. List factors that helped bring down Communism in Eastern Europe? What problems did these countries quickly encounter?

The Disintegration of the USSR

27. List reasons why Gorbachev was not well liked in Russia?
28. Boris Yeltsin
29. Confederation of Independent States (CIS)
- Europe without Cold War:
 30. What problems resulted from a unified Germany?
 31. Maastricht Treaty
 32. What was the effect of immigration to Western Europe?
 33. Civil War in Yugoslavia
 34. Slobodan Milosevic
 35. ethnic cleansing
 36. Vladimir Putin