

ADJECTIVES and ADVERBS

ADJEKTIVE (Eigenschaftswörter) beziehen sich auf Hauptwörter und drücken aus, **wie etwas ist.**

This house *is* expensive.

It is an expensive house.

ADVERBIEN (Umstandswörter der Art und Weise) beziehen sich auf

- Zeitwörter, d.h., sie drücken aus, **wie etwas gemacht wird.**

She always does her work carefully.

- Eigenschaftswörter, d.h., sie drücken aus, **wie gut/schlecht/... etwas ist.**

She is an extremely beautiful woman.

- Adverbien, d.h., sie drücken aus, wie gut/schlecht/... etwas gemacht wird.

He does his work extremely quickly.

AUSNAHMEN

- **Zeitwörter, die Sinneswahrnehmungen ausdrücken**

This cake *tastes* good.

These cigars *smell* awful.

The bells *sound* terrible.

She *looks* beautiful.

They *felt* bad about it.

- **become, turn, grow and get in der Bedeutung von werden!**

He *became* nervous when she looked at him.

She *grew* angry when she saw what had happened.

She *gets* angry whenever people do not behave well.

- **seem/appear (scheinen)**

They *seem* nice. (= I have got the impression that they *are* nice.)

Bildung des Adverbs

Regelmäßige Adverbbildung mit *-ly*:

| | |
|-----------|-------------|
| bad | badly |
| rude | rudely |
| nice | nicely |
| extreme | extremely |
| attentive | attentively |

Vor der Endung *-ly* verlieren die Adjektive *due* und *true* das *-e*:

| | | |
|------|-------|-------------------|
| due | duly | fällig, gebührend |
| true | truly | wahr |

Steht vor der Buchstabenkombination *-le* ein Konsonant, fällt das *-e* weg, sobald das Adjektiv in ein Adverb verwandelt wird.

| | | |
|----------|----------|----------------|
| gentle | gently | sanft, edel |
| idle | idly | müßig, untätig |
| simple | simply | einfach |
| terrible | terribly | schrecklich |
| possible | possibly | möglich |

Steht ein Vokal vor dieser Buchstabenkombination, bleibt *-le* jedoch erhalten

| | |
|------|--------|
| sole | solely |
| pale | palely |

Ausnahme: whole - wholly völlig, gänzlich

Endet das Adjektiv auf *y*, wird dieses durch ein *i* ersetzt:

| | |
|-------|---------|
| angry | angrily |
| noisy | noisily |
| happy | happily |

Auch wenn das Adjektiv auf *l* endet, wird *-ly* ergänzt:

| | |
|-----------|-------------|
| beautiful | beautifully |
|-----------|-------------|

BESONDERHEITEN

| | |
|----------|-------------------|
| good | well |
| fast | fast |
| hard | hard |
| friendly | in a friendly way |
| cowardly | like a coward |

hardly = kaum
late = (zu) spät
lately = in letzter Zeit

ADJECTIVES - ADVERBS

Turn the following adjectives into adverbs. (Mind your spelling.)

silent _____

hard _____

fast _____

friendly _____

quick _____

careful _____

easy _____

noisy _____

happy _____

legible _____

impolite _____

true _____

extreme _____

possible _____

gentle _____

late _____

awful _____

rude _____

slow _____

quiet _____

fluent _____

comfortable _____

bad _____

good _____

dreadful _____

terrible _____

punctual _____

simple _____

sad _____

unfriendly _____

distinct _____

angry _____

tired _____

idle _____

whole _____

nice _____

beautiful _____

ill _____

ADJECTIVES - ADVERBS

Turn the following adjectives into adverbs. (Mind your spelling.)

| | | | |
|-----------|--------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| silent | silently | hard | hardly HARDLY = KAUM |
| fast | fastly | friendly | in a friendly way |
| quick | quickly | careful | carefully |
| easy | easily | noisy | noisily |
| happy | happily | legible | legibly |
| impolite | impolitely | true | truly |
| extreme | extremely | possible | possibly |
| gentle | gently | late | late LATELY = IN LETZTER ZEIT |
| awful | awfully | rude | rudely |
| slow | slowly | quiet | quietly |
| fluent | fluently | comfortable | comfortably |
| bad | badly | good | well |
| dreadful | dreadfully | terrible | terribly |
| punctual | punctually | simple | simply |
| sad | sadly | unfriendly | in an unfriendly way |
| distinct | distinctly | angry | angrily |
| tired | tiredly | idle | idly |
| whole | wholly | nice | nicely |
| beautiful | beautifully | ill | ill |

Underline the correct words.

1. She worked hard/hardly to pass the exam.
2. She quick/quickly crossed the street.
3. He was extreme/extremly/extremely impolite/impolitely.
4. They haven't seen him late/lately.
5. She is very good/well at German.
6. She plays the guitar very good/well.
7. They play soccer rather bad/badly.
8. Tracy's dress was extreme/extremely expensive/expensively.
9. She is a very friendly/ in a friendly way person.
10. The cake tastes good/well.
11. She is a famous/famously actress in the U.S.A.
12. I don't know him very good/well.
13. She could hard/hardly get what they were talking about.
14. The children behave good/well, but they are noisy/noisily.
15. She didn't have a loud/loudly voice, but she spoke very clear/clearly.
16. She could answer the questions correct/correctly.
17. This old/oldly house belongs to my grandparents.
18. This fish smells awful/awfully.
19. She listened attentive/attentively when the scientist explained how a bomb can be made.
20. Either your watch is slow/slowly or mine is fast/fastly.
21. Liz even knows how to answer the most difficult/difficultly questions.
22. She is a friendly/in a friendly way and efficient/efficiently secretary.
23. They walked happy/happily/happily across the fields.
24. After some time the girl's face grew sad/sadly.

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ADJECTIVE or ADVERB?

1. Sally bought an _____ (extreme) _____ (expensive) dress.
2. They crossed the street _____ (slow).
3. Mr Verb drives very _____ (slow).
4. They worked _____ (hard) to pass the exam.
5. He put on his coat so _____ (quick) because all the others were already waiting.
6. Please, write your name _____ (clear).
7. He opened the bottle _____ (careful).
8. Jill works too _____ (slow).
9. They look rather _____ (tired).
10. I didn't pronounce it _____ (correct) in class this morning.
11. Nobody can sit _____ (comfortable) on this sofa.
12. This song sounds _____ (nice).
13. They play soccer _____ (extreme) _____ (bad).
14. She always copies her homework _____ (careless).
15. He became a _____ (successful) man.
16. She usually turns _____ (red) when she gets _____ (angry).
17. George drives his car _____ (fast).
18. Jim has got a rather _____ (loud) voice.
19. The weather is _____ (fine).
20. While they were watching the men, the tide came in _____ (slow).
21. The helicopter took them home _____ (quick).
22. Bob runs about _____ (nervous).
23. Please speak _____ (slow), my English is not very _____ (good).
24. I don't think Tom drives very _____ (careful).
25. They spoke _____ (quiet) because the baby was asleep.

ADJECTIVE or ADVERB?

1. Sally bought an **extremely** (extreme) **expensive** (expensive) dress.
2. They crossed the street **slowly** (slow).
3. Mr Verb drives very **slowly** (slow).
4. They worked **hard** (hard) to pass the exam.
5. He put on his coat so **quickly** (quick) because all the others were already waiting.
6. Please, write your name **clearly** (clear).
7. He opened the bottle **carefully** (careful).
8. Jill works too **slowly** (slow).
9. They look rather **tired** (tired).
10. I didn't pronounce it **correctly** (correct) in class this morning.
11. Nobody can sit **comfortably** (comfortable) on this sofa.
12. This song sounds **nice** (nice).
13. They play soccer **extremely** (extreme) **badly** (bad).
14. She always copies her homework **carelessly** (careless).
15. He became a **successful** (successful) man.
16. She usually turns **red** (red) when she gets **angry** (angry).
17. George drives his car **fast** (fast).
18. Jim has got a rather **loud** (loud) voice.
19. The weather is **fine** (fine).
20. While they were watching the men, the tide came in **slowly** (slow).
21. The helicopter took them home **quickly** (quick).
22. Bob runs about **nervously** (nervous).
23. Please speak **slowly** (slow), my English is not very **good** (good).
24. I don't think Tom drives very **carefully** (careful).
25. They spoke **quietly** (quiet) because the baby was asleep.

ADJECTIVE or ADVERB?

1. Sandy looked very _____ (tired) last night.
2. They went home _____ (quick) because it was raining cats and dogs.
3. He plays the guitar very _____ (good).
4. He wrote his homework _____ (careful).
5. She is an _____ (extreme) _____ (beautiful) girl.
6. He answered the phone _____ (quick) because he hoped his friends were calling.
7. This cigar smells _____ (awful).
8. Kelly has got a _____ (wonderful) voice.
9. Tony's handwriting is _____ (extreme) _____ (terrible).
10. The _____ (lazy) girl didn't study at all.
11. She sang _____ (beautiful) at the concert last night.
12. Tracy ran very _____ (fast).
13. I had a _____ (terrible) accident on holiday.
14. My sister speaks French very _____ (good).
15. Our _____ (old) car is quite _____ (slow).
16. Come on, children, leave the classroom _____ (quick).
17. Elizabeth decorated the cake _____ (nice).
18. Mr. Calm answered _____ (angry), "No, I'm not."
19. Yesterday he drove home _____ (quick) to watch a football match on TV.
20. Nelly prepared the salad very _____ (good).
21. Have you ever seen such _____ (beautiful) flowers?
22. Frank bought the house and renovated it _____ (nice).
23. He didn't do his homework _____ (correct).
24. She played the piano very _____ (good).

ADJECTIVE or ADVERB?

1. Sandy looked very **tired** (tired) last night.
2. They went home **quickly** (quick) because it was raining cats and dogs.
3. He plays the guitar very **well** (good).
4. He wrote his homework **carefully** (careful).
5. She is an **extremely** (extreme) **beautiful** (beautiful) girl.
6. He answered the phone **quickly** (quick) because he hoped his friends were calling.
7. This cigar smells **awful** (awful).
8. Kelly has got a **wonderful** (wonderful) voice.
9. Tony's handwriting is **extremely** (extreme) **terribly** (terrible).
10. The **lazy** (lazy) girl didn't study at all.
11. She sang **beautifully** (beautiful) at the concert last night.
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21. Have you ever seen such **beautiful** (beautiful) flowers?
22. Frank bought the house and renovated it **nicely** (nice).
23. He didn't do his homework **correctly** (correct).
24. She played the piano very **well** (good).