

Find the derivative of the function.

$$1) f(x) = 4x^{1/2} + 5x^{1/2} = 9x^{1/2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{9}{2} x^{-1/2} = \boxed{\frac{9}{2\sqrt{x}}}$$

$$6) g(r) = \cot \sqrt{3r}$$

$$g(r) = \cot u$$

$$g'(r) = -\csc^2 u \cdot u'$$

$$= -\csc^2 \sqrt{3r} \cdot 3$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{-3\csc^2 \sqrt{3r}}{2\sqrt{3r}}}$$

$$u = (3r)^{1/2}$$

$$u' = \frac{1}{2} (3r)^{-1/2} \cdot 3$$

$$u' = \frac{3}{2\sqrt{3r}}$$

$$2) g(x) = \sqrt{1+4x^2}$$

$$g(x) = u^{1/2}$$

$$g'(x) = \frac{1}{2} u^{-1/2} \cdot u'$$

$$= \frac{8x}{2\sqrt{1+4x^2}} = \boxed{\frac{4x}{\sqrt{1+4x^2}}}$$

$$u = 1+4x^2$$

$$u' = 8x$$

$$3) f(x) = (5-3x)^{2/3}$$

$$f(x) = u^{2/3}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2}{3} u^{-1/3} \cdot u'$$

$$= \frac{-6}{3^3 \sqrt[3]{5-3x}} = \boxed{\frac{-2}{\sqrt[3]{5-3x}}}$$

$$u = 5-3x$$

$$u' = -3$$

$$4) g(y) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{25-y^2}}$$

$$g(y) = u^{-1/2}$$

$$g'(y) = -\frac{1}{2} u^{-3/2} \cdot u'$$

$$= \frac{-2y}{2\sqrt{(25-y^2)^3}} = \boxed{\frac{-y}{\sqrt{(25-y^2)^3}}}$$

$$u = 25-y^2$$

$$u' = -2y$$

$$5) h(t) = 2 \cos \sqrt{t}$$

$$h(t) = 2 \cos u$$

$$h'(t) = -2 \sin u \cdot u'$$

$$= \frac{-2}{2\sqrt{t}} \cdot \sin \sqrt{t} = \boxed{\frac{-\sin \sqrt{t}}{\sqrt{t}}}$$

$$u = t^{1/2}$$

$$u' = \frac{1}{2} t^{-1/2} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{t}}$$