

## Solving Rational Equations

Solve each equation. Remember to check for extraneous solutions.

1) 
$$\frac{1}{6k^2} = \frac{1}{3k^2} - \frac{1}{k}$$

2) 
$$\frac{1}{n^2} + \frac{1}{n} = \frac{1}{2n^2}$$

3) 
$$\frac{1}{6b^2} + \frac{1}{6b} = \frac{1}{b^2}$$

4) 
$$\frac{b+6}{4b^2} + \frac{3}{2b^2} = \frac{b+4}{2b^2}$$

5) 
$$\frac{1}{x} = \frac{6}{5x} + 1$$

6) 
$$\frac{1}{6x^2} = \frac{1}{2x} + \frac{7}{6x^2}$$

7) 
$$\frac{1}{v} + \frac{3v+12}{v^2-5v} = \frac{7v-56}{v^2-5v}$$

8) 
$$\frac{1}{m^2-m} + \frac{1}{m} = \frac{5}{m^2-m}$$

9) 
$$\frac{1}{n-8} - 1 = \frac{7}{n-8}$$

10) 
$$\frac{1}{r-2} + \frac{1}{r^2-7r+10} = \frac{6}{r-2}$$

$$11) 1 = \frac{v+2}{v-4} + \frac{7v-42}{v-4}$$

$$12) \frac{r-4}{5r} = \frac{1}{5r} + 1$$

$$13) 1 + \frac{x^2 - 5x - 24}{3x} = \frac{x-6}{3x}$$

$$14) 1 = \frac{1}{x^2 + 2x} + \frac{x-1}{x}$$

$$15) \frac{n+5}{n+8} = 1 + \frac{6}{n+1}$$

$$16) \frac{r+5}{r^2 - 2r} - 1 = \frac{1}{r^2 - 2r}$$

$$17) \frac{1}{x^2 - 5x} = \frac{x+7}{x} - 1$$

$$18) \frac{a-2}{a+3} - 1 = \frac{3}{a+2}$$

$$19) \frac{p+5}{p^2 + p} = \frac{1}{p^2 + p} - \frac{p-6}{p+1}$$

$$20) \frac{5}{n^3 + 5n^2} = \frac{4}{n+5} + \frac{1}{n^2}$$